

# Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper Overview

Here, you can solve all the questions asked in Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper on 2019-09-11 in the Morning exam. The detailed solutions are also provided for every previous year question and some of these questions can be asked again in your Ssc Cgl Tier II exam. There are 200 questions in the exam and 120 minutes are provided for the Ssc Cgl Tier II exam. The Cutoff of the exam was 150 marks hence you should try to score at least 160 marks.

## Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper : Questions and Solutions

### Question 1 :

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. A distinguished conductor or performer of classical music

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 44 Seconds

### Options :

1. **maestro**
2. layman
3. amateur
4. novice

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. **maestro**.

1. **maestro**-a distinguished conductor or performer of classical music.
2. **layman**-a non-ordained male member of a Church.
3. **amateur**-a person who engages in a pursuit, especially a sport, on an unpaid rather than a professional basis.
4. **novice**-a person new to and inexperienced in a job or situation.

As the chosen option best expresses the meaning of the given group of words it will be correct.

### Comprehension :

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The United Kingdom's Social Mobility Commission study reports that disadvantaged children in England are being priced out of a cultural hinterland. Children aged 10-15 from low-income families are three times less likely than wealthier peers to engage in out-of-school musical activities, such as

learning an instrument, etc. There were also differences according to race – 4% of British Pakistani children took part in music classes, compared with 28% of Indian children and 20% of white children – and regional divides: 9% of children in north-east England played a musical instrument, compared with 22% in the south-east. Disadvantaged children are also more likely to miss out on extracurricular sports (football, boxing, cricket) and drama, dance and art. The commission set out recommendations, including bursaries, better funding and support for schools – let’s hope they’re taken on board. As well as the activities themselves, children are missing out on other crucial gains including confidence-building, team spirit and social skill, and are less likely to go on to higher education. Extracurricular activities tend to cost money, but there are also problems with a lack of availability and access, such as schools being unable to afford to run after-school clubs or stay open during holidays. Another barrier is the kids’ “fear of not fitting in”. In this sense, certain children are self-excluding from, say, learning an instrument, singing in a choir, playing cricket or acting. They decide by themselves that they’re “undeserving” of music, sport, art and drama. Unbelievably, in 2019, children as young as 10 are already hard-wired with the self-limiting poverty notion of “not for the likes of us”. This is heartbreaking. It’s hardly news that life is tougher for poorer children, but it’s an outrage if all sense of curiosity, artistry and playfulness is knocked out of them so early. Something is wrong if better-off children feel entitled to explore and participate in areas that interest and excite them, while the disadvantaged are cast from the start as cultural wallflowers – doomed to sit out every dance. This isn’t about every child learning the piano or violin (but why not?), it’s about sowing the seeds for a cultural hinterland that will sustain and enrich them for life. It’s about people exploring their passions and refusing to have their horizons artificially limited. Regardless of circumstances, all children should know that their faces “fit” – automatically and forever. Culture belongs to everyone.

## Question 2 :

The probability of a child in United Kingdom getting opportunities to engage in cultural and sports activities depends on- 1 parental economic background 2 whether one parent is British 3 whether parents have a university education 4 kind of school and funding available Of the above points which are correct

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 173 Seconds

## Options :

- 1 & 4
- 2 & 4
- 1 & 2
- 3 & 4

## Solution :

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. 1 & 4.

The chosen is mentioned in the passage "The commission set out recommendations, including bursaries, better **funding**, and support for schools – let’s hope they’re taken on board."



So, the chosen option will be correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The United Kingdom's Social Mobility Commission study reports that disadvantaged children in England are being priced out of a cultural hinterland. Children aged 10-15 from low-income families are three times less likely than wealthier peers to engage in out-of-school musical activities, such as learning an instrument, etc. There were also differences according to race – 4% of British Pakistani children took part in music classes, compared with 28% of Indian children and 20% of white children – and regional divides: 9% of children in north-east England played a musical instrument, compared with 22% in the south-east. Disadvantaged children are also more likely to miss out on extracurricular sports (football, boxing, cricket) and drama, dance and art. The commission set out recommendations, including bursaries, better funding and support for schools – let's hope they're taken on board. As well as the activities themselves, children are missing out on other crucial gains including confidence-building, team spirit and social skill, and are less likely to go on to higher education. Extracurricular activities tend to cost money, but there are also problems with a lack of availability and access, such as schools being unable to afford to run after-school clubs or stay open during holidays. Another barrier is the kids' "fear of not fitting in". In this sense, certain children are self-excluding from, say, learning an instrument, singing in a choir, playing cricket or acting. They decide by themselves that they're "undeserving" of music, sport, art and drama. Unbelievably, in 2019, children as young as 10 are already hard-wired with the self-limiting poverty notion of "not for the likes of us". This is heartbreaking. It's hardly news that life is tougher for poorer children, but it's an outrage if all sense of curiosity, artistry and playfulness is knocked out of them so early. Something is wrong if better-off children feel entitled to explore and participate in areas that interest and excite them, while the disadvantaged are cast from the start as cultural wallflowers – doomed to sit out every dance. This isn't about every child learning the piano or violin (but why not?), it's about sowing the seeds for a cultural hinterland that will sustain and enrich them for life. It's about people exploring their passions and refusing to have their horizons artificially limited. Regardless of circumstances, all children should know that their faces "fit" – automatically and forever. Culture belongs to everyone.

**Question 3 :**

According to the passage which of the following is not the correct reason- Exposure to cultural activities and sports at a young age is very important for children because it-

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 161 Seconds

**Options :**

1. brings about differences among children.
2. leads children to explore their talents.
3. builds team spirit and social skills.
4. helps in confidence building

**Solution :**

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**The correct answer is option 1 i.e. brings about differences among children.**

On the basis of the information provided in the paragraph, the chosen option is correct.

### Comprehension :

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The United Kingdom's Social Mobility Commission study reports that disadvantaged children in England are being priced out of a cultural hinterland. Children aged 10-15 from low-income families are three times less likely than wealthier peers to engage in out-of-school musical activities, such as learning an instrument, etc. There were also differences according to race – 4% of British Pakistani children took part in music classes, compared with 28% of Indian children and 20% of white children – and regional divides: 9% of children in north-east England played a musical instrument, compared with 22% in the south-east. Disadvantaged children are also more likely to miss out on extracurricular sports (football, boxing, cricket) and drama, dance and art. The commission set out recommendations, including bursaries, better funding and support for schools – let's hope they're taken on board. As well as the activities themselves, children are missing out on other crucial gains including confidence-building, team spirit and social skill, and are less likely to go on to higher education. Extracurricular activities tend to cost money, but there are also problems with a lack of availability and access, such as schools being unable to afford to run after-school clubs or stay open during holidays. Another barrier is the kids' "fear of not fitting in". In this sense, certain children are self-excluding from, say, learning an instrument, singing in a choir, playing cricket or acting. They decide by themselves that they're "undeserving" of music, sport, art and drama. Unbelievably, in 2019, children as young as 10 are already hard-wired with the self-limiting poverty notion of "not for the likes of us". This is heartbreaking. It's hardly news that life is tougher for poorer children, but it's an outrage if all sense of curiosity, artistry and playfulness is knocked out of them so early. Something is wrong if better-off children feel entitled to explore and participate in areas that interest and excite them, while the disadvantaged are cast from the start as cultural wallflowers – doomed to sit out every dance. This isn't about every child learning the piano or violin (but why not?), it's about sowing the seeds for a cultural hinterland that will sustain and enrich them for life. It's about people exploring their passions and refusing to have their horizons artificially limited. Regardless of circumstances, all children should know that their faces "fit" – automatically and forever. Culture belongs to everyone.

### Question 4 :

According to the author, what is truly heart-breaking and damaging for the kids is that -

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 155 Seconds

### Options :

1. parents don't have money to pay for any additional classes for their children.
2. teachers are told not to offer these opportunities as they are not tested.
3. schools wish to offer activities but don't have funds.
4. children themselves feel that the activities are not fit for the likes of them.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. children themselves feel that the activities are not fit for the likes of them.

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "They decide by themselves that they're "undeserving" of music, sport, art and drama. Unbelievably, in 2019, children as young as 10 are already hard-wired with the self-limiting poverty notion of "not for the likes of us"."

So, the chosen option is correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night ,with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm.The change in timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 5 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.1

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 82 Seconds

**Options :**

1. her's
2. ours
3. one's
4. theirs

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. one's.

If **one** is **used** as a proper noun or a noun, then "**One's**" would be the possessive for the proper noun.

One's is a possessive determiner. Therefore the sentence will be:-

One can soon feast one's eyes on Humayun's Tomb

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The United Kingdom's Social Mobility Commission study reports that disadvantaged children in England are being priced out of a cultural hinterland. Children aged 10-15 from low-income families are three times less likely than wealthier peers to engage in out-of-school musical activities, such as learning an instrument, etc. There were also differences according to race – 4% of British Pakistani children took part in



music classes, compared with 28% of Indian children and 20% of white children – and regional divides: 9% of children in north-east England played a musical instrument, compared with 22% in the south-east. Disadvantaged children are also more likely to miss out on extracurricular sports (football, boxing, cricket) and drama, dance and art. The commission set out recommendations, including bursaries, better funding and support for schools – let's hope they're taken on board. As well as the activities themselves, children are missing out on other crucial gains including confidence-building, team spirit and social skill, and are less likely to go on to higher education. Extracurricular activities tend to cost money, but there are also problems with a lack of availability and access, such as schools being unable to afford to run after-school clubs or stay open during holidays. Another barrier is the kids' "fear of not fitting in". In this sense, certain children are self-excluding from, say, learning an instrument, singing in a choir, playing cricket or acting. They decide by themselves that they're "undeserving" of music, sport, art and drama. Unbelievably, in 2019, children as young as 10 are already hard-wired with the self-limiting poverty notion of "not for the likes of us". This is heartbreaking. It's hardly news that life is tougher for poorer children, but it's an outrage if all sense of curiosity, artistry and playfulness is knocked out of them so early. Something is wrong if better-off children feel entitled to explore and participate in areas that interest and excite them, while the disadvantaged are cast from the start as cultural wallflowers – doomed to sit out every dance. This isn't about every child learning the piano or violin (but why not?), it's about sowing the seeds for a cultural hinterland that will sustain and enrich them for life. It's about people exploring their passions and refusing to have their horizons artificially limited. Regardless of circumstances, all children should know that their faces "fit" – automatically and forever. Culture belongs to everyone.

**Question 6 :**

Pick out a phrase or a word which means the same as- a group of people considered to be superior to others because of their social standing or wealth

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 167 Seconds

**Options :**

1. disadvantaged
2. cultural wallflowers
3. hard-wired
4. elitist

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. elitist.

The word for the given group of phrase is "elitist". This word entails a group of people considered to be superior to others because of their social standing or wealth.

**Question 7 :**

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given: Causing great damage or suffering.



Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 41 Seconds

Options :

1. Catastrophic
2. Spasmodic
3. Catatonic
4. Chasm

Solution :

The correct answer is option 1, i.e. catastrophic.

1. Catastrophic: (Adjective) Involving or **causing sudden great damage or suffering**; extremely unfortunate or unseccessful turn of events; large scale alteration in state/being.
2. Spasmodic: Occuring or done in brief; irregular bursts.
3. Catatonic: Characterized or relating to catatonia (catatonia is a condition that results in abnormality in behavior arising due to a disturbed mental state); in an unresponsive or immobile stupor (informal definition).
4. Chasm: A deep fissure in the Earth's surface; profound difference between ideology, practice, poeple, feelings, etc.

The first option expresses the meaning of the given group of words '**causing great damage or suffering**' and hence becomes the correct answer to the question.

Question 8 :

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. They also believe that one must not hold on to things if one doesn't use them and love them anymore. B. Finally it's a very good idea to give the things to someone who can and will use them. C. They further advise that one can begin the process of decluttering by first checking if the things one wishes to give away are still usable and valuable. D. Minimalists believe that clutter causes a lot of stress and wastes precious space.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 97 Seconds

Options :

1. DCBA
2. ABDC
3. DACB
4. CADB

Solution :

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The correct answer is option 3, i.e. DACB.

1. Sentence D provides an introduction to the subject of the passage, which in our case is **minimalist**. The context is also introduced through this first line.
2. Sentence A denotes a relation to the first sentence. We can figure that out through the usage of the conjunction **'also'**. So, A will appear as the second statement.
3. Sentence C uses an adverb 'further' to qualify or add more meaning to the aforementioned subject/meaning/context. In other words, more detail is being added to the passage which makes C suitable in the third place.
4. Sentence B ends with a conclusive note. We can vividly understand that through the usage of another adverb **'finally'** which means **'end'** of the overall statement.

This arrangement is the correct answer as the fluency and the sequence of narration is maintained. The grammar is in balance as well, which makes the passage sound correct.

### Question 9 :

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. Why should always we have to wait for her to join us?

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 90 Seconds

### Options :

1. for her to join
2. Why should
3. always we
4. have to wait

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 3, i.e. always we.

Concept/Grammar rules	Application
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In the English language an adverb is a word that adds towards or qualifies the meaning of any verb/noun/adjective/preposition in a sentence. It naturally appears after a noun/pronoun and before a verb, keeping aside certain exceptions. Which means an adverb cannot exist on its own but with/after any of the former mentioned figures of speech.

In the sentence, the starting phrase 'why should' does not indicate the presence of a noun/pronoun until 'we' appears, which is a pronoun. So, the presence of an adverb right before the appearance of the pronoun 'we' in the sentence makes the sentence sound odd. If the adverb follows the pronoun immediately then the sentence seems correct and fluent. For instance, 'why do we always' sounds far better and correct than 'why should always we' because the adverb emphasizes more on the meaning of the noun after which the verb expresses the action of the entire sentence. Placing the adverb abruptly only distorts the fluent sense of the statement. This is why it is important to use adverbs after any specific identity or action is established in the sentence. For the other options, there isn't any grammatical error because in the case of option 1 'for her to join' it sounds fluent and correct as the verb follows the noun in a sequential way.

If one had to place an

**Question 10 :**

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. Involvement in difficulties or conflict.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 131 Seconds****Options :**

1. Rivet
2. Embroil
3. Acclimate
4. Decipher

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2, i.e. embroil.

1. Rivet: To attract and hold something completely, someone's attention/interest.
2. Embroil: Involve deeply in an argument, difficulty or situation of conflict.
3. Acclimate: Respond physiologically or behaviourally to a change in an environmental factor under controlled conditions.
4. Decipher: Succeed in understanding, interpreting and identifying something; converting something into normal language or easily understandable terms.

Here option 2 expresses the meaning of the given words perfectly. Hence, it becomes the answer to our question.

**Question 11 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. My uncle said, "Just my luck! I've missed the bus again."

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 69 Seconds****Options :**

1. My uncle exclaimed that he was unlucky as he had missed the bus again.
2. My uncle said he was lucky as he had missed the bus again.
3. My uncle exclaimed that he is once again lucky to miss the bus.
4. My uncle says that he is unlucky as he has missed the bus again.

**Solution :**



The correct answer is option 1, i.e. My uncle exclaimed that he was unlucky as he had missed the bus again.

1. Option 1 follows all the rules of narration from direct to indirect speech. The tense is also correct as the question indicates past tense and this particular option expresses the same. It is also worth noting that the sentence in our question has an **exclamation mark**, which is why the verb '**exclaimed**' appears in the sentence. It is to express the exclamation-mark in the indirect form of narration.
2. Option 2 is incorrect as the meaning completely changes. There is an exclamation of disappointment in the question. But option 2 uses the word '**lucky**' and this does not reflect the exclamation of disappointment expressed in the question.
3. Option 3 is incorrect as the expression of disappointment changes with the usage of the word '**lucky**' and the tense also changes from past '**had missed**' to present '**to miss**'.
4. Option 4 is incorrect because there is a grammatical error '**has missed**' and the **exclamation** present in the question is not expressed in the indirect speech.

### Question 12 :

Select the most appropriate idiom (in the context) to fill in the sentence. Making the final paper was a really difficult task but by the end of the week, I was able to \_\_\_\_\_ .

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 111 Seconds

### Options :

1. bark up the wrong tree
2. wrap my head around it
3. cry my eyes out
4. run out of steam

### Solution :

The answer is option 2, i.e. wrap my head around it.

1. Option 1, **bark up the wrong tree** means to mistake one's motif/object, or to pursue the wrong direction to achieve something.
2. Option 2, **wrap my head around it** means to understand something, especially strange or extraordinary; to accomplish something really difficult; to accept something that one would not be willing to accept easily.
3. Option 3, **cry my eyes out** means to cry very hard; crying in an excessive and uncontrolled way.
4. Option 4, **run out of steam** means having no more energy or enthusiasm left to do something.

Option 2 is the correct answer because it expresses the meaning of the context delivered by the question.

### Question 13 :

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. She is a great cook, has her own blog on

YouTube and was followed by one lakh viewers.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 83 Seconds

Options :

1. She is
2. a great cook
3. has her own blog
4. was followed

Solution :

The correct answer is option 4, i.e. was followed.

1. Option 1 does not have any error as it introduces the subject. Also indicates the tense '**is**', which is present.
2. Option 2 isn't wrong as it establishes the context and uses an adjective to add more meaning to the subject.
3. Option 3 isn't wrong because it seconds the meaning, context and tense established by the first segment of the sentence.
4. Option 4 is the incorrect part of the sentence because the whole sentence was talking in present tense, whereas '**was followed**' implied past tense. Had the whole context been in past tense then this part would have been correct and the sentence would have gone like '**she was a great cook, had her own blog and was followed by one lakh viewers**'.

Question 14 :

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. She is a very good sprinter. I can't run as fast as she does.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 86 Seconds

Options :

1. no improvement.
2. like she is doing
3. as she doing
4. as she do

Solution :

The correct answer is option 1, i.e. **no improvement**.

1. Option 1 is correct because nothing in the provided options can make an improvement to what has already been



given in the question.

- Option 2 is incorrect because the question indicates simple present tense '**as she does**' but the option indicates present continuous tense '**like she is doing**'. The option changes the meaning of the sentence.
- Option 3 has incorrect grammar. '**As she doing**' is missing a word '**is**' and hence doesn't end up making complete sense because the time/tense is not properly established in the sentence.
- Option 4 also has incorrect grammar. '**As she do**' is missing a '**will**' and so it fails to specify the time/tense of the sentence. It therefore does not make complete sense.

**Question 15 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. Her mother said, "We must have a party to celebrate your promotion."

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 85 Seconds

**Options :**

- Her mother said that they must have a party to celebrate her promotion.
- Her mother said she had been planning a party for celebrating her promotion.
- Her mother says that they should plan a party to celebrate her promotion.
- Her mother told that they would be having a party to celebrate her promotion.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1, i.e. **Her mother said that they must have a party to celebrate her promotion.**

- Option 1 is correct because the sentence follows the basic rules for **changing from direct to indirect speech**. The **inverted commas** have been omitted, the **tense** is correct and the persons have been addressed correctly with pronouns such as '**they**' and '**her**'.
- Option 2 is incorrect because the question indicates a sudden and confirmed decision to have a party. But this particular option/sentence changes that decision into something that wasn't sudden and had been processing since some time, '**had been planning**'. This changes the meaning and makes the transition incorrect.
- Option 3 is incorrect because it used '**says**' instead of '**said**'. This difference brings a change in the tense of the sentence, from past to present.
- Option 4 is incorrect because the tense is changed to future '**they would be having**'. If the tense is changed the transition becomes incorrect.

**Question 16 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. Kiran said, "I will reach Patna tomorrow morning."

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 104 Seconds

**Options :**

1. Kiran said that she will reach Patna tomorrow morning.
2. Kiran says that she will reach Patna tomorrow morning.
3. Kiran said that I will reach Patna the next morning.
4. Kiran said that she would reach Patna the next morning.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4, i.e. Kiran said that she would reach Patna the next morning.

1. Option 1 is incorrect because **'tomorrow morning'** does not sound indirect as the phrase **'the next morning'** does. Placing **'tomorrow'** still has a direct tone in the sentence and hence is not completely accurate even if it makes sense.
2. Option 2 is incorrect because the sentence uses **'says'** which indicates present tense, whereas the question clearly indicates past tense **'said'**.
3. Option 3 is incorrect because of the usage of **'I'**. A first person noun is always used in direct speech whereas for indirect speech we use third person like **he, she, they**, etc.
4. Option 4 is the correct answer because the grammar is accurate (**'said'** as past tense) and there is usage of third person (**she**) as well. The indirect form of **'tomorrow morning'** is also used, **'the next morning'**. Hence, these features make the sentence completely accurate.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. As he started his speech, Harsh was aware that people were listening to him quite (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Things seemed to be going quite well. (2) \_\_\_\_\_, halfway through the talk, he saw his friend, Ravi look (3) \_\_\_\_\_ his pal Sunil, roll his eyes and whisper in his ear. Harsh (4) \_\_\_\_\_ understood that Ravi, who had been upset ever since his promotion, was now (5) \_\_\_\_\_ disturbance intentionally.

**Question 17 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.2.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 117 Seconds

**Options :**

1. wherever
2. whenever
3. moreover
4. However

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. However.

As the passage seems shifting because of the talk, "However" will be the correct choice as it shows contradiction.

The chosen option is correct.

**Question 18 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. An apple carries about 100 million useful bacteria.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 41 Seconds

**Options :**

1. About 100 million useful bacteria are being carried by an apple.
2. An apple will carry about 100 million useful bacteria.
3. The useful bacteria to be carried in an apple is about 100 million.
4. About 100 million useful bacteria are carried by an apple.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. **About 100 million useful bacteria are carried by an apple.**

The sentence is in the active form of simple present tense. The structures for active/passive voices are:

**Active:** Subject + verb (1st form) + object.

**Passive:** Object + is/am/are + verb (3rd form) + by + subject.

Going by the above rules, the correct option is 4.

**As the chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.**

**Question 19 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active / passive) form of the given sentence. Two children were shot dead by a psychopath during the California music festival.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 65 Seconds

**Options :**

1. Two children were being shot dead by a psychopath during the California music.
2. Two children are shot dead by a psychopath during the California music festival.

A psychopath during the California music festival was shooting dead two children.

4. A psychopath shot dead two children during the California music festival.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4, i.e. **A psychopath shot dead two children during the California music festival**

1. The error in option 1 is using the phrase '**being shot**'. This makes the tense change into past-continuous tense. Whereas the question has past-perfect tense and not continuous, that is '**shot**'.
2. The error in option 2 is using the phrase '**are shot**'. This is a grammatical error as '**are**' denotes present tense and '**shot**' denotes past tense.
3. The error in option 3 is in the sentence structure. It does not follow the basic principal of voice in grammar (subject+verb/action+object). It included another subject '**California music festival**' that was supposed to be at the latter half of the sentence.
4. Option 4 is the correct answer as the tense is correct, the structure of '**subject+verb+object**' is in-tact and there is no grammatical error.

**Question 20 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active / passive) form of the given sentence. Somebody feeds the stray dog daily.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 97 Seconds

**Options :**

1. Daily somebody has fed the stray dog.
2. The stray dog was fed daily.
3. The stray dog is fed daily by somebody.
4. The stray dog will be fed daily.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3, i.e. **The stray dog is fed daily by somebody.**

1. Option 1 has a grammatical error. '**Daily**' here as an adverb cannot occur alone or at the beginning. The correct way to place adverbs is after nouns/adjectives/verbs, otherwise the sentence will sound incorrect.
2. Option 2 is incorrect because the tense changes. The question denotes present tense '**feeds**' whereas the option/sentence denotes past tense '**was fed**'.
3. Option 3 is the correct answer because as the rules state, the object in active voice '**the stray dog**' becomes the subject in passive voice and the subject in active voice '**somebody**' becomes the object in passive voice. The tense is also correct, where even if we use a corresponding past tense (in this case, '**is fed**') it still indicates the present



time and makes the same sense as the sentence in the given question.

4. Option 4 is incorrect as the sentence indicates future tense by using '**will be**'.

### Question 21 :

Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank. The car cleaner expressed his inability to continue cleaning my car from 1st July due to his \_\_\_\_\_ .

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 97 Seconds

### Options :

1. ill feeling
2. ill health
3. disease
4. disorder

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 2, i.e. ill health.

1. Option 1 '**ill feeling**' does not sound correct because with adjectives such as '**feeling**' we usually use other adjectives like **bad, happy, poor**, etc. '**Ill**' specifically means bad health, not feeling.
2. Option 2 is correct because '**ill health**' is the correct way to express someone's concern over bad health. '**Ill**' means '**a state of poor in quality**' and hence will become the correct phrase to answer our question.
3. Option 3 can be applicable but '**disease**' is usually applied when the sentence expresses meanings of severity. Disease is an indicator of a severe condition in health so the context of the sentence also has to be more severe than merely pointing out regular day-to-day events.
4. Option 4 is incorrect because '**disorder**' in health usually points out to a state/condition that had existed since some time. The context of this sentence does not quite reflect any meaning as such but only talks about how the car cleaner will not be coming for some newly-formed condition, which might be '**ill health**' or '**bad health**'.

### Question 22 :

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. A strong feeling of dislike towards someone or something.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 97 Seconds

### Options :

1. sympathy
2. telepathy



antipathy

4. empathy

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3, i.e. antipathy.

1. Option 1, **sympathy** means to have feelings of sorrow/pity for someone else's misfortune.
2. Option 2, **telepathy** means the supposed/assumed communication of ideas or thoughts by means other than the known senses.
3. Option 3, **antipathy** means a deep-seated feeling of aversion or **dislike towards someone/something**.
4. Option 4, **empathy** means to understand and share the feelings of another.

Option 3 perfectly expresses the meaning that is present in the question and hence becomes the correct answer.

**Question 23 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. If you wish to participate at the National level games you'll have to start getting coaching immediately.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 76 Seconds

**Options :**

1. wish to participating
2. wished for participating
3. wish to participate
4. no improvement

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3, i.e. wish to participate.

1. Option 1, **wish to participating** is grammatically incorrect.
2. Option 2, **wished for participating** is incorrect in the context of the sentence given in the question. The statement talks about how the person needs to start coaching-classes immediately if he/she wishes to participate (referring to **future tense**). Whereas the option here denotes past tense (**wished for**).
3. Option 3, wish to participate is the correct answer as it expresses the meaning of the sentence in future tense and the sense made by the statement does not get hampered.
4. Option 4, no improvement is not the answer.

**Question 24 :**

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. To express in an unclear way.



Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 74 Seconds

Options :

1. Eloquent
2. Garbled
3. Lucid
4. Intelligible

Solution :

The correct answer is option 2, i.e. Garbled.

1. Option 1, **eloquent** means fluent or persuasive in speaking or writing.
2. Option 2, **garbled** means a message/sound that is **unclear**, distorted or confusing.
3. Option 3, **lucid** means expressed clearly.
4. Option 4, **intelligible** means comprehensible or easy to understand.

Option 2 is the correct answer as the meaning expressed by the word is the same as the meaning expressed by the sentence given in the question.

Question 25 :

Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank. The sky is quite overcast. We're \_\_\_\_\_ to have rain today.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 67 Seconds

Options :

1. likely
2. mostly
3. surely
4. probably

Solution :

The correct answer is option 1, i.e. likely.

1. Option 1, **likely** means something promising, something that is bound to happen soon. The sentence gives us the idea about how the sky is **quite overcast**. This means the sentence is hinting towards the **possibility of rain** and hence 'likely' is the perfect fit for the blank.
2. Option 2, **mostly** regards the greater number/part. It refers to something in **general** or **usual** terms. But our sentence is not hinting towards something that is **usual** in occurrence but a **possibility** that rainfall might occur.



Option 3, **surely** means confirmed status of an event to take place. Our sentence does not hint towards the confirmation of rainfall but the possibility that it may occur.

4. Option 4, **probably** means '**almost certainly**'. There is a hint of certainty in the meaning and hence moves away from the hint/idea given by the sentence.

Option 1 is the correct answer because its inclusion does not hamper the context and meaning established by the sentence.

**Question 26 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank. When my friend suggested going to the mall for lunch, I agreed \_\_\_\_\_ .

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 95 Seconds

**Options :**

1. at once
2. at large
3. at most
4. at ease

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 1** i.e. **at once**.

1. Option 1, **at once** means **immediately**. The given sentence talks about a friend suggesting an idea that seemingly resonated with the narrator of the sentence. Hence, to express the narrator's **sudden** agreement 'at once' is the perfect fit for the blank.
2. Option 2, **at large** means **as a whole**. This cannot express the sudden agreement of the narrator in the sentence.
3. Option 3, **at most** means **not more than** a maximum point/quantity. This certainly doesn't match the expression provided by the given sentence.
4. Option 4, **at ease** means **to be confident** or **relaxed** about something. This does not express the sudden agreement of the narrator.

Option 1 is the correct answer as the narrator wishes to express agreement **immediately** as soon as he/she heard the suggestion given by the friend.

**Question 27 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. The airline official said, "We are extremely sorry that the flight has been delayed due to heavy floods."

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 94 Seconds



### Options :

1. The airline official announced the airline is extremely sorry that the flight will be delayed due to heavy floods.
2. The airline official announces they are extremely sorry that the flight has been delayed due to heavy floods.
3. The airline official announced that they were extremely sorry that the flight had been delayed due to heavy floods.
4. The airline official announced that we are extremely sorry that the flight has been delayed due to heavy floods.

### Solution :

The correct answer is **option 3**, i.e. **The airline official announced that they were extremely sorry that the flight had been delayed due to heavy floods.**

1. Option 1 is incorrect because during transitions from direct to indirect speech we generally place **'that'** right before the beginning of the speech that's within inverted comma. In this option **'that'** is missing before **'the airline'**.
2. Option 2 is incorrect because it has the same error of not including 'that' before 'the airline'. Furthermore, there is an error in **tense**. The direct speech uses **'said'** (past tense) and the indirect speech uses **'says'** (present tense). Change of tense will inevitably change the meaning and make the transition incorrect.
3. Option 3 is the correct answer because **'that'** is placed in all the essential areas, the **tense** is correct and the meaning in both the speeches (direct/indirect) is expressed similarly.
4. Option 4 is incorrect because of the usage of **'we are'** (first person). Using **'the airline'** is proper indirect speech as it refers to the **'third person'** (in this case the airline itself), whereas 'I', 'we' refers to first person and **'first person'** is always used in direct speech when the speaker refers to him/herself.

### Question 28 :

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active / passive) form of the given sentence. Popular monuments will be kept open till 9 p.m.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 122 Seconds

### Options :

1. They had kept popular monuments open till 9 p.m.
2. They are keeping popular monuments open till 9 p.m.
3. They will keep popular monuments open till 9 p.m.
4. They will be keeping popular monuments open till 9 p.m.

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 3, i.e. They will keep popular monuments open till 9 p.m.

1. Option 1 is incorrect because the sentence uses **'had kept'** which denotes past tense and changes the entire

meaning of the statement to the past.

- Option 2 is incorrect because of the usage of '**are keeping**'. This phrase denotes the present tense but in continuous form. But the question talks about an event only in its simple present form.
- Option 3 is correct because '**they will keep**' refers to the same tense as the question.
- Option 4 is incorrect because '**will be keeping**' refers to an event that will take place in the future. Whereas the statement means an event that is taking place presently.

**Question 29 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. Last evening my friend tells me the funny joke that I have ever heard.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 86 Seconds****Options :**

1. that I have
2. ever heard
3. tells me the funny joke
4. Last evening my friend

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3, i.e. tells me the funny joke.

- Option 1 **that I have** is grammatically correct.
- Option 2 **ever heard** also doesn't contain any error.
- option 3 is the incorrect one because according to the sentence and its established context the narrator wishes to express the fact that he had heard the funniest joke. In this case, funny means in **general** terms and funniest means **extraordinary**. The context of the sentence expresses extraordinary feelings and hence '**funniest**' would be the appropriate term for the sentence.
- Option 4 is correct because as an introduction to the sentence it offers the subject without any grammatical error.

Option 3 has the error in the sentence and hence becomes the answer to our question.

**Question 30 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. You have been so unwell! How you feeling now?

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 86 Seconds****Options :**



you is feeling

2. you are feeling

3. No improvement

4. are you feeling

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 4, i.e. are you feeling.

- Option 1, **you is feeling** is incorrect because 'is' cannot occur here. 'Is' never occurs after **first** and **second person** but it can be used after **third person**.
- Option 2, **you are feeling** is incorrect because our sentence is a **question**. Which means it has to start with a word that interrogates, such as 'how', 'why', 'when', etc.
- Option 3, **no improvement** is not the answer.
- Option 4, **are you feeling** is the correct answer because it enables the sentence to complete the sense of the question perfectly and without any grammatical error.

### Question 31 :

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. Something happening by chance in a happy and beneficial way.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 79 Seconds

### Options :

1. serenity

2. serendipity

3. misadventure

4. fortitude

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 2, i.e. serendipity.

- Option 1, **serenity** means the state of being peaceful and calm.
- Option 2, **serendipity** means the occurrence and development of events **by chance in a happy or beneficial way**.
- Option 3, **misadventure** means an unfortunate incident; a mishap.
- Option 4, **fortitude** means courage in adversity or pain.

Option 2 expresses the meaning of the sentence given in the question and hence becomes the answer to our question.

### Question 32 :



Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. Lacking in variety and interest.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 66 Seconds

Options :

1. monotonous
2. fresh
3. exclamatory
4. vibrant

Solution :

The correct answer is option 1, i.e. monotonous.

1. Option 1, **monotonous** means dull, tedious, and repetitious; **lacking in variety and interest**.
2. Option 2, **fresh** means not previously known or used; new or different.
3. Option 3, **exclamatory** means expressing surprise, strong emotion, or pain.
4. Option 4, **vibrant** means lively, high-spirited, energetic.

Option 1 expresses the meaning of the sentence given in the question and hence becomes the correct answer.

Question 33 :

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. I am going to see a play tomorrow evening.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 68 Seconds

Options :

1. seeing
2. no improvement
3. to saw
4. to seeing

Solution :

The correct answer is option 2, i.e. no improvement.

1. Option 1, **seeing** will appear right after '**going**' and two verbs in their continuous tense cannot appear consecutively in a sentence unless we use commas to express something different, unlike the given sentence..
2. Option 2, **no improvement** is the correct answer as all the other given options are grammatically incorrect.



Option 3, **to saw** is incorrect. The correct way to write it is '**to see**' which denotes a present tense. '**Saw**' can appear after first/second/third persons or after nouns to indicate past tense.

4. Option 4, **to seeing** is wrong because only '**see**' can appear after '**to**'. '**Seeing**' changes the tense and hence will require more parts of speech, such a verb '**be**'..

**Question 34 :**

Pick a word opposite in meaning to Optimistic

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 78 Seconds

**Options :**

1. energetic
2. pessimistic
3. idealistic
4. realistic

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2, i.e. pessimistic.

1. Option 1, **energetic** means showing or involving great activity or vitality.
2. Option 2, **pessimistic** means to see the **worst aspect of things** or **believe that the worst will happen**.
3. Option 3, **idealistic** means unrealistically aiming for perfection.
4. Option 4, **realistic** means having a practical idea of what can be obtained/achieved; representing things in a way that is accurate and true to life.

**Optimism** means hopefulness and confidence **about the future** or **the success of something**. Option 2 will be the correct answer as it expresses a meaning which is opposite to the meaning of 'optimism'.

**Question 35 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. Rita said, "I'm not feeling well."

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 78 Seconds

**Options :**

1. Rita said that she was not feeling well.
2. Rita said she will not be feeling well.
3. Rita said she is not feeling well.

Rita says that I'm not feeling well.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1, i.e. Rita said that she was not feeling well.

1. Option 1 is correct because when we change from 'direct' to 'indirect' if the speech within **inverted comma** is in the present tense then we use it's corresponding past tense whilst converting to indirect speech. This is what this particular sentence follows too.
2. Option 2 is incorrect because it indicates future tense '**will not be**' whereas according to grammar rules, if direct speech denotes present we can change it to it's corresponding past tense in indirect speech.
3. Option 3 is incorrect because it doesn't use '**that**' in the indirect speech. It is mandatory that we use '**that**' after having removed the inverted commas.
4. Option 4 is incorrect because '**I am**' is still in the first person and hence remain as a part of direct speech, whereas regarding indirect speech we are supposed to use **second or third person** to form accuracy in the sentence.

**Question 36 :**

Select the most appropriate idiom ( in the context) to fill in the sentence. Suman really has \_\_\_\_\_. She moved to a new house just a month back but already has a lovely garden.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 100 Seconds

**Options :**

1. a heart of gold
2. a bad hair day
3. a foot in the door
4. green fingers

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4, i.e. green fingers.

1. Option 1, **heart of gold** means being very kind and to have a good nature.
2. Option 2, **a bad hair day** means a day when one's hair is unattractive and unmanageable. It may also mean having a bad day in general.
3. Option 3, **a foot in the door** means to achieve an initial stage or succeed with a first step.
4. Option 4, **green fingers** means being good at gardening.

Option 4 is the correct answer because firstly, the sentence given in the question talks about how Suman already has a **beautiful garden** after having moved to a new apartment. Secondly, '**green fingers**' means to be **good at gardening**. So, option 4 means exactly what the latter half of the sentence says and hence becomes our correct answer.

**Question 37 :**

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. Something causing shock or dismay

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 86 Seconds****Options :**

1. frivolous
2. appalling
3. mischievous
4. remarkable

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2, i.e. appalling.

1. Option 1, **frivolous** means not having any serious purpose or value.
2. Option 2, **appalling**. means **causing shock or dismay**.
3. Option 3, **mischievous** means causing or showing a fondness for causing trouble in a playful way.
4. Option 4, **remarkable** means worthy of attention; striking.

The meaning expressed in option 2 is the same as the meaning expressed in the question, hence '**appalling**' is our correct answer.

**Question 38 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. When I was a child I do not like going out to play in the park.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 72 Seconds****Options :**

1. did not like
2. don't likes
3. no improvement
4. did not liked

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1, i.e. did not like.

1. Option 1 is the correct answer because the sentence talks about the **past** (when the narrator was a child). To



represent the past '**did not like**' is the correct phrase to be used, whereas '**do not like**' denotes the present, which ultimately contradicts the sentence's meaning.

- Option 2 is incorrect because we cannot use plural after '**don't**'. The option also doesn't refer to the past tense.
- Option 3, **no improvement** is not the correct answer.
- Option 4, '**did not liked**' is incorrect because '**liked**' is incorrectly used with '**did not**'. The correct word would have been '**like**'.

**Question 39 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. My guests doesn't wanted to eat anything since they weren't hungry after the party.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 84 Seconds

**Options :**

- didn't want to eat
- didn't wanted to eat
- don't wants to eat
- no improvement

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1, i.e. didn't want to eat.

- Option 1, **didn't want to eat** is grammatically correct because it indicates the **past**. The sentence talks about guests not being hungry after the party, which is also an occurrence of the past. So, the meaning becomes complete with the inclusion of this option.
- Option 2, **didn't wanted to eat** is grammatically incorrect. Past form of verbs cannot appear after contractions, like didn't, couldn't, etc.
- Option 3 **don't wants to eat** is wrong. Verbs in plural form cannot appear after contractions like don't, can't, etc.
- Option 4, **no improvement** is not the correct answer.

**Question 40 :**

Identify the word that is misspelt.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 77 Seconds

**Options :**

- Immediate
- illiterate



implement

4. illogical

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2, i.e. illiterate.

1. Option 1, '**Immediate**' is the correct spelling.
2. Option 2, correct spelling is '**illiterate**'.
3. Option 3, '**implement**' is the correct spelling.
4. Option 4, '**illogical**' is the correct spelling.

**Question 41 :**

Identify the word that is misspelt.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 51 Seconds

**Options :**

1. aesthetic
2. equivocal
3. catastrophe
4. ingenious

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3, i.e. catastrophe.

1. Option 1, **aesthetic** is the correct spelling.
2. Option 2, **equivocal** is the correct spelling.
3. Option 3, the correct spelling is '**catastrophe**'.
4. Option 4, **ingenious** is the correct spelling.

**Question 42 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. The Inspector stopped the boy and asked where he went.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 58 Seconds

**Options :**

1. he had going



No improvement

3. he has gone

4. he was going

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. he was going.

According to the grammatical structure, only present continuous these will be suitable to use.

Had + v3, so the first will be wrong.

As the chosen option follows the right construction so it will be correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night, with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm. The change in timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 43 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.4

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 63 Seconds

**Options :**

1. peoples

2. mob

3. public

4. residents

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. public.

Here the sentence indicate the timing of the monuments open to public for visit and view.

Therefore the sentence will become:- open to the public from sunrise ...

**Question 44 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. The priest said to me,



“You have committed a cardinal sin.”

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 43 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. The priest told me that I had committed a cardinal sin.
2. The priest is saying I have committed a cardinal sin.
3. The priest said if I will be committing a cardinal sin.
4. The priest told me I am committing a cardinal sin.

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 1 i.e. The priest told me that I had committed a cardinal sin.**

We need to follow certain for converting direct narration into indirect narration.

Said should be changed into told.

"..." (inverted comma) should be changed into THAT as the reported speech is in an assertive sentence.

Reported speech should be converted into past perfect tense.

As the chosen option follows all the above rules it will be correct.

**Question 45 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. The Prime Minister holding is the important meeting to review the security and safety of working in government hospitals.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 66 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. of doctors
2. working in
3. to review
4. holding is the

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 4 i.e. holding is the.**

The error lies in part 4 of the statement as there is the wrong structure.



Subject + is/am/are + v4 + object + other words.

So, we need to replace "holding is the" with "is holding the " for making the sentence grammatically correct.

The correct sentence will be-

**The Prime Minister is holding the important meeting to review the security and safety of doctors working in government hospitals.**

### Comprehension :

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. As he started his speech, Harsh was aware that people were listening to him quite (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Things seemed to be going quite well. (2) \_\_\_\_\_, halfway through the talk, he saw his friend, Ravi look ( 3) \_\_\_\_\_ his pal Sunil, roll his eyes and whisper in his ear. Harsh (4) \_\_\_\_\_ understood that Ravi, who had been upset ever since his promotion, was now (5) \_\_\_\_\_ disturbance intentionally.

### Question 46 :

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.1.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 73 Seconds

### Options :

1. intently
2. smoothly
3. evenly
4. clearly

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. intently.

1. **intently**-with earnest and eager attention.
2. **smoothly**-in a smooth way.
3. **evenly**-so as to present a flat or uniform surface or line.
4. **clearly**-in a clear manner; with clarity.

As the paragraph is talking about the speech where we need the intention to listen to it, it will be correct.

So, the chosen option is correct.

### Comprehension :

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. As he started his speech, Harsh was aware that people were listening to him quite (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Things seemed to be going quite well. (2) \_\_\_\_\_, halfway





through the talk, he saw his friend, Ravi look ( 3) \_\_\_\_\_ his pal Sunil, roll his eyes and whisper in his ear. Harsh (4) \_\_\_\_\_ understood that Ravi, who had been upset ever since his promotion, was now (5) \_\_\_\_\_ disturbance intentionally.

**Question 47 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.3.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 69 Seconds

**Options :**

1. at
2. opposite
3. through
4. in

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. at.

The correct phrase will be "at his pal" so, the chosen option will be correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. As he started his speech, Harsh was aware that people were listening to him quite (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Things seemed to be going quite well. (2) \_\_\_\_\_, halfway through the talk, he saw his friend, Ravi look ( 3) \_\_\_\_\_ his pal Sunil, roll his eyes and whisper in his ear. Harsh (4) \_\_\_\_\_ understood that Ravi, who had been upset ever since his promotion, was now (5) \_\_\_\_\_ disturbance intentionally.

**Question 48 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.4

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 55 Seconds

**Options :**

1. immediately
2. keenly
3. urgently
4. cleverly

**Solution :**



The correct answer is option 1 i.e. immediately.

Immediately- very fast.

It will be the only choice that will make the sentence grammatically correct.

### Comprehension :

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. As he started his speech, Harsh was aware that people were listening to him quite (1) \_\_\_\_\_. Things seemed to be going quite well. (2) \_\_\_\_\_, halfway through the talk, he saw his friend, Ravi look (3) \_\_\_\_\_ his pal Sunil, roll his eyes and whisper in his ear. Harsh (4) \_\_\_\_\_ understood that Ravi, who had been upset ever since his promotion, was now (5) \_\_\_\_\_ disturbance intentionally.

### Question 49 :

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.5.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 55 Seconds

### Options :

1. created
2. create
3. creates
4. creating

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. creating.

Subject + was/were + v4 + object + other words.

According to this structure, the choose option will be correct.

### Comprehension :

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The four-year tiger census report, Status of Tigers in India, 2018, released by Prime Minister Narendra Modi shows numbers of the cat have increased across all landscapes. The Global Tiger Forum, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers. The total count in 2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014 — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006. The 2018 figure has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (83% of the total) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed. The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits

at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem. The tiger estimation exercise includes habitat assessment and prey estimation. The numbers reflect the success or failure of conservation efforts. This is an especially important indicator in a fast-growing economy like India where the pressures of development often run counter to the demands of conservation. Where has the tiger population increased the most? The biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to 526. However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of landscapes. So, why have the numbers gone up? The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to 50 in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers of tigers over the years. Healthy increases in core area populations eventually lead to migrations to areas outside the core; this is why the 2018 census has found tigers in newer areas. Over the years, there has been increased focus on tigers even in the areas under the territorial and commercial forestry arms of Forest Departments. The other important reason is increased vigilance, and the fact that organized poaching rackets have been all but crushed. According to Nitin Desai of Wildlife Protection Society of India, there has been no organized poaching by traditional gangs in Central Indian landscapes since 2013. The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive. The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers. Also, because estimation exercises have become increasingly more accurate over the years, it is possible that many tigers that eluded enumerators in earlier exercises were counted this time.

**Question 50 :**

What is the tiger population of Madhya Pradesh?

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 161 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. 28
2. 741
3. 50
4. 526

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. 526

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "The biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to **526**."

So, the chosen option is correct.

**Question 51 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. Do you think that the



government will accept our demands?

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 41 Seconds

Options :

1. Do you think we will accept the government demands?
2. Do you think that our demands will be accepted by the government?
3. Do you think that the government is going to accept our demands?
4. Do you think that our demands have been accepted by the government?

Solution :

The correct option is 2 i.e. **Do you think that our demands will be accepted by the government?**

The sentence is interrogative and is in the active form of the simple future tense.

Here, we have been given two sentences, the main sentence is 'our demands will be accepted by the government'. therefore it is in the simple future tense. The structures for active/passive voices are:

**Active:** Do you think that + Subject + will+ v1+ object +?

**Passive:** Do you think that + Object+ will+ be +v3+ by + subject+?

Going by the above rules, the correct option is 2.

**As the chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.**

**Question 52 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. Please switch on all the lights in the room as it's getting very dark now.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 80 Seconds

Options :

1. as it were getting
2. no improvement
3. as it was getting
4. when it will get

Solution :

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. no improvement.



The given sentence is grammatically correct so, the chosen option is correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The four-year tiger census report, Status of Tigers in India, 2018, released by Prime Minister Narendra Modi shows numbers of the cat have increased across all landscapes. The Global Tiger Forum, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers. The total count in 2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014 — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006. The 2018 figure has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (83% of the total) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed. The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem. The tiger estimation exercise includes habitat assessment and prey estimation. The numbers reflect the success or failure of conservation efforts. This is an especially important indicator in a fast-growing economy like India where the pressures of development often run counter to the demands of conservation. Where has the tiger population increased the most? The biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to 526. However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of landscapes. So, why have the numbers gone up? The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to 50 in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers of tigers over the years. Healthy increases in core area populations eventually lead to migrations to areas outside the core; this is why the 2018 census has found tigers in newer areas. Over the years, there has been increased focus on tigers even in the areas under the territorial and commercial forestry arms of Forest Departments. The other important reason is increased vigilance, and the fact that organized poaching rackets have been all but crushed. According to Nitin Desai of Wildlife Protection Society of India, there has been no organized poaching by traditional gangs in Central Indian landscapes since 2013. The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive. The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers. Also, because estimation exercises have become increasingly more accurate over the years, it is possible that many tigers that eluded enumerators in earlier exercises were counted this time.

**Question 53 :**

Researchers refer to places where tigers are found not by states but by the term-

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 164 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. green belts
2. deep forests



landscapes

4. ecosystems

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. landscapes.

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of **landscapes.**"

So, the chosen option is correct.

**Question 54 :**

Select the most appropriate idiom ( in the context) to fill in the sentence. Pallavi worked really hard for the examination and \_\_\_\_\_ to gain success.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 44 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. struck a sour note
2. hit the bull's eye
3. beat about the bush
4. left no stone unturned

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 4 i.e. left no stone unturned.**

The meaning of the given idiom is-

left no stone unturned- to do everything possible to find something or to solve a problem.

The meaning of the idiom is in coherence with the meaning of the given statement so it will be correct.

**Question 55 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. The birth of a girl bring great joy to Neha's family.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 51 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. The birth

of a girl

3. to Neha's family

4. bring great joy

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. bring great joy.

As the subject (the birth) is singular we need to use a singular verb.

So, we need to replace BRING with BRINGS for making the sentence grammatically correct.

The correct sentence will be-

**The birth of a girl brings great joy to Neha's family.**

**Question 56 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. By how many people were you helped in your time of difficulty?

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 52 Seconds

**Options :**

1. How many people helped you in your time of difficulty?
2. How many people were you helping in time of difficulty?
3. How many people are you helped by in your time of difficulty?
4. In your time of difficulty how many people were you helped by?

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. How many people helped you in your time of difficulty?.

Passive voice- How many + Noun were/was + subject + v3 + object + other words?

Active voice- How many + noun + v2 + object + other words.

As the chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.

	Present	Past	Future
Indefinite	V1/v5	V2	Will/shall + v1

Passive	Is/am/are + v3	Was/were + v3	Will/shall + be + v3
Continuous	Is/am/are + v4	Was/were + v4	Will/shall + be + v4
Passive	Is/am/are + being + v3	Was/were + being + v3	_____
Perfect	Has/have + v3	Had + v3	Will/shall + have + v3
Passive	Has/have + been + v3	Had + been + v3	Will/shall + have + been + v3
Perfect continuous	Has/have + been + v4	Had + been + v4	Will/shall + have + been + v4
Passive	_____		

**Question 57 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active / passive) form of the given sentence. Nobody told me Vanita was unwell.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 476 Seconds

**Options :**

1. I wasn't being told by anybody that Vanita was unwell.
2. I wasn't told by anybody that Vanita was unwell.
3. Nobody told me Vanita was being unwell.
4. Nobody tells me that Vanita was unwell.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. I wasn't told by anybody that Vanita was unwell.

Active voice- subject + v2 + object + noun clause.

Passive voice- object + was/were + v3 + by + subject + noun clause.

As the chosen option follows the given rules it will be correct.



	Present	Past	Future
Indefinite	V1/v5	V2	Will/shall + v1
Passive	Is/am/are + v3	Was/were + v3	Will/shall + be + v3
Continuous	Is/am/are + v4	Was/were + v4	Will/shall + be + v4
Passive	Is/am/are + being + v3	Was/were + being + v3	_____
Perfect	Has/have + v3	Had + v3	Will/shall + have + v3
Passive	Has/have + been + v3	Had + been + v3	Will/shall + have + been + v3
Perfect continuous	Has/have + been + v4	Had + been + v4	Will/shall + have + been + v4
Passive	_____		

### Question 58 :

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. When Veena returned to India she had to get use driving on the left.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 478 Seconds

### Options :

1. to get used to drives
2. to get used to driving
3. No improvement
4. to getting use driving

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. to get used to driving.

The correct structure is -

subject + had + to get + used to + v4 + object.

As the chosen option follows the given structure it will be correct.

The correct sentence will be-

**When Veena returned to India she had to get used to driving on the left.**

**Question 59 :**

Select the most appropriate idiom ( in the context) to fill in the sentence. Listen, you need to prioritize. You can't have your \_\_\_\_\_!

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 53 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. Achilles'heel
2. heebie-jeebies
3. paint the town red
4. finger in every pie

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 4 i.e. finger in every pie.**

The correct meaning of the given idiom is-

finger in every pie- Someone who has a finger in every pie is involved in a lot of different activities.

The meaning of the chosen idiom fits the black space so it will be correct.

**Question 60 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. This summer, I've met down a lot of interesting people.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 49 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. interesting people
2. I've met down
3. a lot of
4. This summer

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. I've met down.

We need to keep the tense of the statement in a simple past.

So, we need to replace "have met down" with "met down" for making the sentence grammatically correct.

The correct sentence will be-

**This summer, I met down a lot of interesting people.**

**Question 61 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in the blank. The business prospect seemed quite \_\_\_\_\_ so I convinced my friend to partner with me to start the venture.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 53 Seconds

**Options :**

1. **lucrative**
2. **dubious**
3. **flourishing**
4. **prosperous**

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. lucrative.

1. **lucrative**-producing a great deal of profit.
2. **dubious**-hesitating or doubting.
3. **flourishing**-developing rapidly and successfully; thriving.
4. **prosperous**-successful in material terms; flourishing financially.

The chosen option fits the blank space as it is talking about the businesses.

**Question 62 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. Do not take the coastal road during monsoons.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 48 Seconds

**Options :**

You are not taking the coastal road during monsoons.

2. You will not take the coastal road during monsoons.

3. Coastal road is not being taken during monsoons.

4. Coastal roads should not be taken during monsoons.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. Coastal roads should not be taken during monsoons..

Active voice- Do not + v1 + object + other words.

Passive voice- Object + should not be + v3 + other words.

As the chosen option follows the given rules it will be correct.

	Present	Past	Future
Indefinite	V1/v5	V2	Will/shall + v1
Passive	Is/am/are + v3	Was/were + v3	Will/shall + be + v3
Continuous	Is/am/are + v4	Was/were + v4	Will/shall + be + v4
Passive	Is/am/are + being + v3	Was/were + being + v3	_____
Perfect	Has/have + v3	Had + v3	Will/shall + have + v3
Passive	Has/have + been + v3	Had + been + v3	Will/shall + have + been + v3
Perfect continuous	Has/have + been + v4	Had + been + v4	Will/shall + have + been + v4
Passive	_____		

**Question 63 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. The team manager is examining the documents of all the players.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 473 Seconds

Options :

1. Examination of the documents of all the players was done by the team manager.
2. The documents of all the players are being examined by the team manager.
3. The documents of all the players the team manager is examining.
4. The team manager has been examining the documents of all the players.

Solution :

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. The documents of all the players are being examined by the team manager.

Active voice- subject + is/am/are + v4 + object + other words.

Passive voice- object + is/am/are + being + v3 + by+ subject + other words.

As the chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.'

	Present	Past	Future
Indefinite	V1/v5	V2	Will/shall + v1
Passive	Is/am/are + v3	Was/were + v3	Will/shall + be + v3
Continuous	Is/am/are + v4	Was/were + v4	Will/shall + be + v4
Passive	Is/am/are + being + v3	Was/were + being + v3	_____
Perfect	Has/have + v3	Had + v3	Will/shall + have + v3
Passive	Has/have + been + v3	Had + been + v3	Will/shall + have + been + v3
Perfect continuous	Has/have + been + v4	Had + been + v4	Will/shall + have + been + v4
Passive	_____		

Question 64 :



Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. He asked me if I would like to take that apartment on rent from the next day.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 481 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. "Would you had taken this apartment on rent from tomorrow?" he said to me.
2. "Would you have taken this apartment on rent from the next day?" he said to me.
3. "Would you like to take this apartment on rent from tomorrow?" he said to me.
4. "Would you be liking to take this apartment on rent from tomorrow?" he said to me.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. "Would you like to take this apartment on rent from tomorrow?" he said to me.

We have to follow some rules for changing indirect speech into direct speech.

"Next day" should be covered into "Tomorrow".

There will be no change in the tense of the statement.

As the only chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The four-year tiger census report, Status of Tigers in India, 2018, released by Prime Minister Narendra Modi shows numbers of the cat have increased across all landscapes. The Global Tiger Forum, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers. The total count in 2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014 — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006. The 2018 figure has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (83% of the total) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed. The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem. The tiger estimation exercise includes habitat assessment and prey estimation. The numbers reflect the success or failure of conservation efforts. This is an especially important indicator in a fast-growing economy like India where the pressures of development often run counter to the demands of conservation. Where has the tiger population increased the most? The biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to 526. However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of landscapes. So, why have the numbers gone up? The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to 50 in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers



of tigers over the years. Healthy increases in core area populations eventually lead to migrations to areas outside the core; this is why the 2018 census has found tigers in newer areas. Over the years, there has been increased focus on tigers even in the areas under the territorial and commercial forestry arms of Forest Departments. The other important reason is increased vigilance, and the fact that organized poaching rackets have been all but crushed. According to Nitin Desai of Wildlife Protection Society of India, there has been no organized poaching by traditional gangs in Central Indian landscapes since 2013. The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive. The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers. Also, because estimation exercises have become increasingly more accurate over the years, it is possible that many tigers that eluded enumerators in earlier exercises were counted this time.

**Question 65 :**

The survival of the tiger is vital today because-

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 192 Seconds

**Options :**

1. it is no longer a threat to the villagers' safety.
2. it is central to the food chain and the eco system.
3. it promotes tourism in India and increases revenue.
4. it is now on the verge of extinction.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. it is central to the food chain and the ecosystem.

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem."

So, the chosen option is correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The four-year tiger census report, Status of Tigers in India, 2018, released by Prime Minister Narendra Modi shows numbers of the cat have increased across all landscapes. The Global Tiger Forum, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers. The total count in 2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014 — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006. The 2018 figure has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (83% of the total) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed. The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits

at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem. The tiger estimation exercise includes habitat assessment and prey estimation. The numbers reflect the success or failure of conservation efforts. This is an especially important indicator in a fast-growing economy like India where the pressures of development often run counter to the demands of conservation. Where has the tiger population increased the most? The biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to 526. However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of landscapes. So, why have the numbers gone up? The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to 50 in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers of tigers over the years. Healthy increases in core area populations eventually lead to migrations to areas outside the core; this is why the 2018 census has found tigers in newer areas. Over the years, there has been increased focus on tigers even in the areas under the territorial and commercial forestry arms of Forest Departments. The other important reason is increased vigilance, and the fact that organized poaching rackets have been all but crushed. According to Nitin Desai of Wildlife Protection Society of India, there has been no organized poaching by traditional gangs in Central Indian landscapes since 2013. The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive. The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers. Also, because estimation exercises have become increasingly more accurate over the years, it is possible that many tigers that eluded enumerators in earlier exercises were counted this time.

### Question 66 :

2018 census on the big cat has been the most reliable because-

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 180 Seconds

### Options :

1. it photographed 1540 tigers.
2. it photographed 83% of the tigers.
3. it photographed all living tigers of India.
4. it only uses the capture-mark-recapture method.

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. it photographed 83% of the tigers.

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "**The 2018 figure** has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (**83% of the total**) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed."

So, the chosen option is correct.

### Comprehension :



Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The four-year tiger census report, Status of Tigers in India, 2018, released by Prime Minister Narendra Modi shows numbers of the cat have increased across all landscapes. The Global Tiger Forum, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers. The total count in 2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014 — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006. The 2018 figure has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (83% of the total) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed. The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem. The tiger estimation exercise includes habitat assessment and prey estimation. The numbers reflect the success or failure of conservation efforts. This is an especially important indicator in a fast-growing economy like India where the pressures of development often run counter to the demands of conservation. Where has the tiger population increased the most? The biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to 526. However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of landscapes. So, why have the numbers gone up? The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to 50 in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers of tigers over the years. Healthy increases in core area populations eventually lead to migrations to areas outside the core; this is why the 2018 census has found tigers in newer areas. Over the years, there has been increased focus on tigers even in the areas under the territorial and commercial forestry arms of Forest Departments. The other important reason is increased vigilance, and the fact that organized poaching rackets have been all but crushed. According to Nitin Desai of Wildlife Protection Society of India, there has been no organized poaching by traditional gangs in Central Indian landscapes since 2013. The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive. The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers. Also, because estimation exercises have become increasingly more accurate over the years, it is possible that many tigers that eluded enumerators in earlier exercises were counted this time.

**Question 67 :**

The year 2022 marks the target date for -

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 176 Seconds

**Options :**

1. tripling the world tiger population.
2. doubling the count of world tiger population.
3. tripling India's tiger population.
4. doubling the count of India's tiger population.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. doubling the count of world tiger population.

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "**The Global Tiger Forum**, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of **doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022**. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers."

So, the chosen option is correct.

**Question 68 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. Its chief feature is that the reader is given the opportunity to play along and engage in the process of deduction. B. A whodunit is a kind of detective story made famous by Agatha Christie. C. Thus, along with the protagonist the reader is also involved in solving the case. D. As the reader goes along he/she takes note of the clues, deduces and tries to identify the criminal before the climax.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 75 Seconds****Options :**

1. ABCD
2. BDAC
3. DABC
4. BADC

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 4 i.e. BADC.**

Sentence 'B' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph 'whodunit ...'. BA is the mandatory pair as it further tells about the chief features of it , 'Its chief feature is that the reader is given the opportunity to play along...!'

Part D will follow it because it signifies that how the reader gets the interest in the novel.

The concluding sentence is sentence C as it talks about the present condition of language 'Thus, along with the protagonist the reader...('Thus' is also the indicator of the conclusion of the paragraph.)

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

A whodunit is a kind of detective story made famous by Agatha Christie.Its chief feature is that the reader is given the opportunity to play along and engage in the process of deduction.As the reader goes along he/she takes note of the clues, deduces and tries to identify the criminal before the climax.Thus, along with the protagonist the reader is also involved in solving the case.

**Question 69 :**



Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. continuing for a very long time

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 82 Seconds

Options :

1. laconic
2. interim
3. concise
4. interminable

Solution :

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. interminable.

1. **laconic**-(of a person, speech, or style of writing) using very few words.
  2. **interim**-the intervening time.
  3. **concise**-giving a lot of information clearly and in a few words; brief but comprehensive.
  4. **interminable**-endless or apparently endless (often used hyperbolically).
- The chosen option has the same meaning as the given group of words so it will be correct.

Question 70 :

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. I won't be here next week as I'm going to Mumbai to a conference.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 53 Seconds

Options :

1. I won't
2. be here
3. to a conference
4. as I'm going

Solution :

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. to a conference.

We need to replace TO with FOR for making the sentence grammatically correct.

For conference" is the correct use of the preposition.

The correct sentence will be-



I won't be here next week as I'm going to Mumbai for a conference.

**Question 71 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. My daughter fell asleep while she been reading.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 54 Seconds****Options :**

1. while she is reading.
2. No improvement
3. while she was reading.
4. whenever she has reading.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. while she was reading.

As the first part of the statement is in the past tense we need to keep the underlined part in the past tense as well.

So, the chosen option improves the underlined part grammatically.

The correct sentence will be-

**My daughter fell asleep while she was reading.**

**Question 72 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. Teenagers don't like being told what to do.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 52 Seconds****Options :**

1. Being told what to do was not being liked by teenagers.
2. Teenagers should not be told what to do.
3. Being told what to do is not liked by teenagers.
4. Teenagers are not liking being told what to do.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. Being told what to do is not liked by teenagers..



- Active voice- subject + don't/doesn't + like + being + v3 + wh word + to + v1.  
2. Passive voice- Being + v3 + wh -word + to + v1 + is/am/are + not + v3 + by + subject.

As the chosen option follows the above rule it will be correct.

**Question 73 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. The metro service is so good that one doesn't have to wait since a few minutes.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 62 Seconds

**Options :**

1. beyond a few minutes
2. No improvement
3. for some few minutes
4. up to a few minutes

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. beyond a few minutes.

As there is WAIT in the statement that shows limitation, chosen option will be correct.

The correct sentence will be-

**The metro service is so good that one doesn't have to wait beyond a few minutes.**

**Question 74 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'- Have you any idea where is Anya?

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 51 Seconds

**Options :**

1. where Anya were?
2. No improvement
3. where was Anya?
4. where Anya is?

**Solution :**



**The correct answer is option 4 i.e. where Anya is?**

As underlined part is not an interrogative sentence we need to follow the structure- subject + v + object.

We need to keep the sentence in present tense as the first part of the statement is in present tense.

As the chosen option follows the above rule it will be correct.

The correct sentence will be-

**Have you any idea where Anya is?**

**Question 75 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. I am really bored of this movie! When was it end?

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 54 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. it end?
2. I am really bored
3. of this movie
4. When was

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 4 i.e. When was.**

We need to replace Was with Will for making the sentence grammatically correct.

As there is a sense of future event so we need to use future tense.

The correct sentence will be-

**I am really bored of this movie! When will it end?**

**Question 76 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. I'm going to the airport to receives my friend.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 49 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. my friend



to the airport

3. to receives

4. I'm going

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. to receives.

"to + v1" is the right construction so we need to follow this structure for making the sentence grammatically correct.

As the chosen option follows this it will be correct.

The correct sentence will be-

**I'm going to the airport to receive my friend.**

**Question 77 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. People are reading the articles on using plastic waste innovatively with interest.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 51 Seconds

**Options :**

1. The articles on innovative use of plastic waste are read with interest.
2. The articles on using plastic waste innovatively are being read with interest.
3. People have been reading the articles on using plastic waste innovatively with interest.
4. People were reading the articles on using plastic waste innovatively with interest.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. The articles on using plastic waste innovatively are being read with interest.

Active voice- subject + is/am/are + v4 + object + other words.

Passive voice- object + is/am/are + being + v3 + by + subject + other words.

As the chosen option follows this structure it will be correct.

**Question 78 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. "You speak such good English!" said Mary.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 58 Seconds

**Options :**

1. Mary exclaimed that I speak so much good English.
2. Mary told me I was speaking much good English.
3. Mary exclaimed that I spoke very good English.
4. Mary exclaimed that I was speaking very good English.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. Mary exclaimed that I spoke very good English.

We need to follow certain rules for changing a direct narration into indirect narration.

As the reported speech is in an exclamatory sentence we need to change said into exclaimed with.

Reported speech should be changed into the past tense.

As the chosen option has all the changes it will be correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The four-year tiger census report, Status of Tigers in India, 2018, released by Prime Minister Narendra Modi shows numbers of the cat have increased across all landscapes. The Global Tiger Forum, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers. The total count in 2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014 — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006. The 2018 figure has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (83% of the total) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed. The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem. The tiger estimation exercise includes habitat assessment and prey estimation. The numbers reflect the success or failure of conservation efforts. This is an especially important indicator in a fast-growing economy like India where the pressures of development often run counter to the demands of conservation. Where has the tiger population increased the most? The biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to 526. However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of landscapes. So, why have the numbers gone up? The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to 50 in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers of tigers over the years. Healthy increases in core area populations eventually lead to migrations to areas outside the core; this is why the 2018 census has found tigers in newer areas. Over the years, there has been increased focus on tigers even in the areas under the territorial and commercial forestry arms of Forest Departments. The other important reason is increased vigilance, and the fact that organized poaching rackets have been all but crushed. According to Nitin Desai of



Wildlife Protection Society of India, there has been no organized poaching by traditional gangs in Central Indian landscapes since 2013. The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive. The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers. Also, because estimation exercises have become increasingly more accurate over the years, it is possible that many tigers that eluded enumerators in earlier exercises were counted this time.

**Question 79 :**

The Global Tiger Forum comprises -

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 181 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. countries that have tigers.
2. National Geographic and World Wildlife Fund.
3. all countries of the United Nations.
4. America and the European Union

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. countries that have tigers.

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "The Global Tiger Forum, **an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries**, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022."

The chosen option will be correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The four-year tiger census report, Status of Tigers in India, 2018, released by Prime Minister Narendra Modi shows numbers of the cat have increased across all landscapes. The Global Tiger Forum, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers. The total count in 2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014 — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006. The 2018 figure has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (83% of the total) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed. The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem. The tiger estimation exercise includes habitat assessment and prey estimation. The numbers reflect the success or failure of conservation efforts. This is an especially important indicator in a fast-growing economy like India where the pressures of development often run counter to the demands of conservation. Where has the tiger population increased the most? The

biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to 526. However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of landscapes. So, why have the numbers gone up? The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to 50 in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers of tigers over the years. Healthy increases in core area populations eventually lead to migrations to areas outside the core; this is why the 2018 census has found tigers in newer areas. Over the years, there has been increased focus on tigers even in the areas under the territorial and commercial forestry arms of Forest Departments. The other important reason is increased vigilance, and the fact that organized poaching rackets have been all but crushed. According to Nitin Desai of Wildlife Protection Society of India, there has been no organized poaching by traditional gangs in Central Indian landscapes since 2013. The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive. The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers. Also, because estimation exercises have become increasingly more accurate over the years, it is possible that many tigers that eluded enumerators in earlier exercises were counted this time.

**Question 80 :**

The biggest increase in the tiger population has been between the years

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 173 Seconds****Options :**

1. 2014-2018
2. 2002-2006
3. 2006-2010
4. 2010-2014

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. 2014-2018,

It is clearly mentioned in the passages that "The total count in **2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014** — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006.

So, the chosen option is correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The four-year tiger census report, Status of Tigers in India, 2018, released by Prime Minister Narendra Modi shows numbers of the cat have increased across all landscapes. The Global Tiger Forum, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers.



The total count in 2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014 — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006. The 2018 figure has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (83% of the total) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed. The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem. The tiger estimation exercise includes habitat assessment and prey estimation. The numbers reflect the success or failure of conservation efforts. This is an especially important indicator in a fast-growing economy like India where the pressures of development often run counter to the demands of conservation. Where has the tiger population increased the most? The biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to 526. However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of landscapes. So, why have the numbers gone up? The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to 50 in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers of tigers over the years. Healthy increases in core area populations eventually lead to migrations to areas outside the core; this is why the 2018 census has found tigers in newer areas. Over the years, there has been increased focus on tigers even in the areas under the territorial and commercial forestry arms of Forest Departments. The other important reason is increased vigilance, and the fact that organized poaching rackets have been all but crushed. According to Nitin Desai of Wildlife Protection Society of India, there has been no organized poaching by traditional gangs in Central Indian landscapes since 2013. The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive. The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers. Also, because estimation exercises have become increasingly more accurate over the years, it is possible that many tigers that eluded enumerators in earlier exercises were counted this time.

**Question 81 :**

Which of the following statements is not true as per the passage?

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 174 Seconds****Options :**

1. There are more reliable ways of data collection
2. Forest departments have become more watchful
3. The tiger reserves have increased to 100 in 2018
4. Poaching gangs have been reduced drastically

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. The tiger reserves have increased to 100 in 2018.

It is mentioned in the passage that "The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest

Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to **50** in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers of tigers over the years"

There was an increase of 50 so, the chosen option is correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The four-year tiger census report, Status of Tigers in India, 2018, released by Prime Minister Narendra Modi shows numbers of the cat have increased across all landscapes. The Global Tiger Forum, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers. The total count in 2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014 — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006. The 2018 figure has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (83% of the total) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed. The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem. The tiger estimation exercise includes habitat assessment and prey estimation. The numbers reflect the success or failure of conservation efforts. This is an especially important indicator in a fast-growing economy like India where the pressures of development often run counter to the demands of conservation. Where has the tiger population increased the most? The biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to 526. However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of landscapes. So, why have the numbers gone up? The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to 50 in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers of tigers over the years. Healthy increases in core area populations eventually lead to migrations to areas outside the core; this is why the 2018 census has found tigers in newer areas. Over the years, there has been increased focus on tigers even in the areas under the territorial and commercial forestry arms of Forest Departments. The other important reason is increased vigilance, and the fact that organized poaching rackets have been all but crushed. According to Nitin Desai of Wildlife Protection Society of India, there has been no organized poaching by traditional gangs in Central Indian landscapes since 2013. The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive. The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers. Also, because estimation exercises have become increasingly more accurate over the years, it is possible that many tigers that eluded enumerators in earlier exercises were counted this time.

**Question 82 :**

What has been the impact of providing inviolate spaces for tigers?

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 181 Seconds

**Options :**

1. The poachers have been caught in these spaces very easily.

The number of villagers killed by man eater tigers has increased.

3. Tiger numbers have increased due to safe breeding places.

4. Tigers have moved from Uttar Pradesh to Madhya Pradesh.

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. Tiger numbers have increased due to safe breeding places..

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. **Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive.** The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers."

So, the chosen option is correct.

### Comprehension :

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The four-year tiger census report, Status of Tigers in India, 2018, released by Prime Minister Narendra Modi shows numbers of the cat have increased across all landscapes. The Global Tiger Forum, an international collaboration of tiger-bearing countries, has set a goal of doubling the count of wild tigers by 2022. More than 80% of the world's wild tigers are in India, and it's crucial to keep track of their numbers. The total count in 2018 has risen to 2,967 from 2,226 in 2014 — an increase of 741 individuals an increase of 33%, in four years. This is by far the biggest increase in terms of both numbers and percentage since the four-yearly census using camera traps and the capture-mark-recapture method began in 2006. The 2018 figure has a great degree of credibility because, according to the report, as many as 2,461 individual tigers (83% of the total) have actually been photographed by trap cameras. In 2014, only 1,540 individuals (69%) were photographed. The tiger census is needed because the tiger sits at the peak of the food chain, and its conservation is important to ensure the well-being of the forest ecosystem. The tiger estimation exercise includes habitat assessment and prey estimation. The numbers reflect the success or failure of conservation efforts. This is an especially important indicator in a fast-growing economy like India where the pressures of development often run counter to the demands of conservation. Where has the tiger population increased the most? The biggest increase has been in Madhya Pradesh — a massive 218 individuals (71%) from 308 in 2014 to 526. However, since tigers keep moving between states, conservationists prefer to talk about tiger numbers in terms of landscapes. So, why have the numbers gone up? The success owes a lot to increased vigilance and conservation efforts by the Forest Department. From 28 in 2006, the number of tiger reserves went up to 50 in 2018, extending protection to larger numbers of tigers over the years. Healthy increases in core area populations eventually lead to migrations to areas outside the core; this is why the 2018 census has found tigers in newer areas. Over the years, there has been increased focus on tigers even in the areas under the territorial and commercial forestry arms of Forest Departments. The other important reason is increased vigilance, and the fact that organized poaching rackets have been all but crushed. According to Nitin Desai of Wildlife Protection Society of India, there has been no organized poaching by traditional gangs in Central Indian landscapes since 2013. The increased protection has encouraged the tiger to breed. Tigers are fast breeders when conditions are conducive. The rehabilitation of villages outside core areas in many parts of the country has led to the availability of more inviolate space for tigers. Also, because estimation exercises have become increasingly more accurate



over the years, it is possible that many tigers that eluded enumerators in earlier exercises were counted this time.

**Question 83 :**

Pick out a word that is similar in meaning to: CONDUCTIVE

**Difficulty :** Moderate

**Average Time :** 184 Seconds

**Options :**

1. reclusive
2. helpful
3. unfavorable
4. hindering

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. helpful.

1. **reclusive**-avoiding the company of other people; solitary.
2. **helpful**-giving or ready to give help.
3. **unfavorable**-expressing or showing a lack of approval or support.
4. **hindering**-make it difficult for (someone) to do something or for (something) to happen.

As the chosen word has the same meaning as the given word it will be correct.

**Question 84 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. What shall we do on ourselves this evening?

**Difficulty :** Moderate

**Average Time :** 49 Seconds

**Options :**

1. this evening
2. on ourselves
3. What shall
4. we do

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. on ourselves.

'with' should be used in place of 'on'.

This preposition of possession 'with' is usually used to indicate being together or being involved.



Ex:-He was with his friend when he saw me.

**Question 85 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. Does an English examination begin at 10 o'clock?

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 44 Seconds

**Options :**

1. 10 o'clock?
2. English examination
3. begin at
4. Does an

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. Does an.

The error lies in part 4 of the statement because of the wrong use of the Article.

We need to use "THE" at the place of AN because the Examination is specific.

As the nouns that come in specific sense article, THE is used before that.

The correct sentence will be-

**Does the English examination begin at 10 o'clock?**

**Question 86 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. Please give me some more time to complete the assignments.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 55 Seconds

**Options :**

1. You may please give me some more time to complete the assignments.
2. I am requesting you to give me some more time to complete the assignments.
3. Some more time will be given to me to complete the assignments.
4. I may please be given some more time to complete the assignments.

**Solution :**



The correct answer is option 4 i.e. **I may please be given some more time to complete the assignments.**

Active voice - Please + v1 + object + other words.

Passive voice- I may please be + v3 + object + other words.

**As the chosen option follows the above structure it will be correct.**

**Question 87 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. Rohan smiled and said that he thought Jojo liked him.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 59 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. Rohan smiled and said he thought, "Jojo likes me!"
2. Rohan smiled and said, "I think Jojo likes me!"
3. Rohan smiled and said, "They think Jojo likes me!"
4. Rohan smiled and asked, "Do you think Jojo likes me?"

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 2 i.e. Rohan smiled and said, "I think Jojo likes me!"**

We need to follow some rules for changing indirect speech into direct speech.

That should be converted into an Inverted comma (" ").

Tense of the reported speech should be changed into a simple present.

Person should be changed according to the sentence.

As all the rules are being followed by the chosen option so it will be correct.

**Question 88 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. I use to going for a morning walk when I was living in Dehradun.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 65 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. living in Dehradun
2. for a morning walk



when I was

4. use to going

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 4 i.e. use to going.**

For showing past habit/routine we use a structure-

Subject + is/am/are + used + to + v4 + object + other words.

Subject + used to + v1 + object.

We need to use any one of the given structure to make the sentence grammatically correct.

The correct sentence will be-

**I used to go for a morning walk when I was living in Dehradun.**

**Question 89 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. The commander ordered his battalion to march on.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 55 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. The commander says to his battalion, "Please march on."
2. "March on!" the commander said to his battalion.
3. The commander says to his battalion, "March on!"
4. The commander gives his battalion order, "March on!"

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 2 i.e. "March on!" the commander said to his battalion.**

We need to follow some rules for converting indirect speech into direct speech.

Ordered should be changed into Said.

Only in the chosen option, the necessary change is done so, it will be correct.

**Question 90 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. The lawyer says, "My client is innocent."



Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 56 Seconds

Options :

1. The lawyer said that his client is innocent.
2. The lawyer says that his client is innocent.
3. The lawyer says my client was innocent.
4. The lawyer said that my client is innocent.

Solution :

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. The lawyer says that his client is innocent.

We need to follow some rules for converting direct narration into indirect narration.

Three should be no change in SAYS as there is no object after it.

As the reported verb is in present there should be no change in the reported speech.

The chosen option follows the give rules so it will be correct.

Comprehension :

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given- I was friends with the artist Bhupen Khakar. He was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ human beings I have ever met. I learnt (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from him. When we were in Baroda we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ meals together all the time. I \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ remember how his caretaker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family to him and he would often (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his children to school and taught \_\_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics. His studio was in the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the house and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to come in (10) \_\_\_\_\_ at his work.

Question 91 :

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.1

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 79 Seconds

Options :

1. Finer
2. finest
3. few
4. fine

Solution :

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. finest.



As there is "one of the" before the blank space, it shows selection.

- Selection is shown by a Superlative degree.
- As the chosen option is a superlative degree so it will be the correct answer.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given- I was friends with the artist Bhupen Khakar. He was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ human beings I have ever met. I learnt (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from him. When we were in Baroda we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ meals together all the time. I \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ remember how his caretaker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family to him and he would often (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his children to school and taught \_\_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics. His studio was in the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the house and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to come in (10) \_\_\_\_\_ at his work.

**Question 92 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.2

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 66 Seconds

**Options :**

1. a lot
2. the more
3. a lots
4. the less

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 1** i.e. **a lot**.

- As there is no Noun after the blank space only "a lot" can come at the blank space.
- Only "a lot" can come alone (in all the given options) as it works as a quantitative adjective.

**So, the chosen option will be correct.**

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given- I was friends with the artist Bhupen Khakar. He was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ human beings I have ever met. I learnt (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from him. When we were in Baroda we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ meals together all the time. I \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ remember how his caretaker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family to him and he would often (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his children to school and taught \_\_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics. His studio was in the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the house and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to come in (10) \_\_\_\_\_ at his work.

**Question 93 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.3



Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 70 Seconds

Options :

1. would had
2. having had
3. has had
4. would have

Solution :

The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **would have**.

- As (when we were in Baroda) is in past tense, the coming part should also be in the same tense.
- We have two options starting with the past tense.
- But "would + have" will be the correct choice as it is the correct grammatical construction.

So, the chosen option will be correct.

Comprehension :

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given- I was friends with the artist Bhupen Khakar. He was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ human beings I have ever met. I learnt (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from him. When we were in Baroda we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ meals together all the time. I \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ remember how his caretaker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family to him and he would often (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his children to school and taught \_\_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics. His studio was in the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the house and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to come in (10) \_\_\_\_\_ at his work.

Question 94 :

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.4

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 72 Seconds

Options :

1. still
2. until
3. never
4. alone

Solution :

The correct answer is **option 1** i.e. **still**.

As the writer is trying to say that "even now he can remember the past memories, the chosen option will be correct.

- Still means **even now**.

So, the chosen option will be correct

**Question 95 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. "Let's go out for dinner. I've been home this whole week," said Anna.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 48 Seconds

**Options :**

1. Anna said to me that we must go out for dinner as she has been home that whole week.
2. Anna told me she was wanting to go out for dinner and had been home this whole week.
3. Anna told me she is at home the whole week and would like to go out for dinner.
4. Anna suggested we go out for dinner as she had been home that whole week.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4. i.e. Anna suggested we go out for dinner as she had been home that whole week.

1. Here, 'Let's' should be changed to 'suggested', 'I've' should be changed to 'she had' and 'this' should be changed to 'that'.
2. Like Imperative sentences, use of 'Let' in the sentences of Let has different meaning and in Reporting Verb 'Said To' is replaced according to the notion of the sentence with words like - **Proposed, Suggested, Requested, Ordered, Wished, Told**, etc.
3. If the meaning of 'Let Sentence' is a suggestion, proposal or wish then for making Indirect Speech (1) '**Said To**' is replaced with '**Proposed To / Suggested To / Wished To**', (2) 'Let' is replaced with 'Should'. 'Should' comes after the Pronoun. and (3) 'That' is used to join both the parts of the sentence.
4. If the meaning of 'Let Sentence' is to allow, order or persuade then for making Indirect Speech (1) '**Said To**' is replaced with '**Requested To / Ordered To**', (2) 'Let' may remain in the sentence or it may be replaced with 'Allow' and (3) 'To' is used to join both the parts of the sentence.
5. If condition or supposition comes in 'Let Sentence' then for making Indirect Speech (1) '**Said To**' is replaced with 'Told', (2) 'Let' is replaced with 'Might' and (3) 'That' is used to join both the parts of the sentence.

**Question 96 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. They sealed all unauthorized farms on the highway.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 116 Seconds

**Options :**

1. All unauthorized farms on the highway were sealed.
2. They are sealing all unauthorized farms on the highway.
3. All unauthorized farms on the highway have sealed the authorities.
4. The authorities were sealing all unauthorized farms on the highway.

**Solution :**

The correct option is 1. i.e. All unauthorized farms on the highway were sealed.

The sentence is in active form of simple past tense. The structures for active/passive voices are:

Active: Subject + verb (IInd form) + object.

Passive: Object + was/were + verb (IIIrd form) + by + subject.

Going by the above rules, the correct option is 1.

As the chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.

	Present	Past	Future
Indefinite	V1/v5	V2	Will/shall + v1
Passive	Is/am/are + v3	Was/were + v3	Will/shall + be + v3
Continuous	Is/am/are + v4	Was/were + v4	Will/shall + be + v4
Passive	Is/am/are + being + v3	Was/were + being + v3	_____
Perfect	Has/have + v3	Had + v3	Will/shall + have + v3
Passive	Has/have + been + v3	Had + been + v3	Will/shall + have + been + v3
Perfect continuous	Has/have + been + v4	Had + been + v4	Will/shall + have + been + v4
Passive	_____		

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given- I was friends with the artist

Bhupen Khakar. He was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ human beings I have ever met. I learnt (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from him. When we were in Baroda we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ meals together all the time. I \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ remember how his caretaker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family to him and he would often (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his children to school and taught \_\_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics. His studio was in the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the house and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to come in (10) \_\_\_\_\_ at his work.

**Question 97 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.5

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 500 Seconds

**Options :**

1. is
2. was
3. be
4. were

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 2** i.e. **was**.

- As the passage is regarding past incident we need to use past tense.
- Singular verb will be used as the subject is singular.

**So, the chosen option is correct.**

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given- I was friends with the artist Bhupen Khakar. He was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ human beings I have ever met. I learnt (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from him. When we were in Baroda we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ meals together all the time. I \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ remember how his caretaker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family to him and he would often (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his children to school and taught \_\_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics. His studio was in the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the house and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to come in (10) \_\_\_\_\_ at his work.

**Question 98 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.6

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 64 Seconds

**Options :**

1. to drop
2. dropping



dropped

4. drop

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **drop**.

- The correct structure of the given sentence is: **Subject + would + v1 + object**.
- Out of the given options, only 'drop' is in its first form.
- As the chosen option is v1 is will be correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given- I was friends with the artist Bhupen Khakar. He was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ human beings I have ever met. I learnt (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from him. When we were in Baroda we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ meals together all the time. I \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ remember how his caretaker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family to him and he would often (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his children to school and taught \_\_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics. His studio was in the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the house and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to come in (10) \_\_\_\_\_ at his work.

**Question 99 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.7

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 65 Seconds

**Options :**

1. those
2. their
3. they
4. them

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **them**.

- The structure of the given sentence is: **Subject + verb + object**.
- As the blank space is after the verb it means it will be filled with the **object**.
- Out of the given options, **them** is the most appropriate object as per the given sentence.

As the chosen option is an objective case it will be correct.

**Comprehension :**



Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given- I was friends with the artist Bhupen Khakar. He was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ human beings I have ever met. I learnt (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from him. When we were in Baroda we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ meals together all the time. I \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ remember how his caretaker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family to him and he would often (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his children to school and taught \_\_\_\_\_(7) \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics. His studio was in the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the house and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to come in (10) \_\_\_\_\_ at his work.

**Question 100 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.8

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 73 Seconds

**Options :**

1. centering
2. centralized
3. centre
4. central

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 3** i.e. **centre**.

- "The + Noun", it means blank space will be filled with NOUN.
- Out of the given options, **centre is the only noun**.

**Option 3 is a noun so it will be the correct answer.**

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given- I was friends with the artist Bhupen Khakar. He was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ human beings I have ever met. I learnt (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from him. When we were in Baroda we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ meals together all the time. I \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ remember how his caretaker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family to him and he would often (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his children to school and taught \_\_\_\_\_(7) \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics. His studio was in the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the house and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to come in (10) \_\_\_\_\_ at his work.

**Question 101 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.9

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 65 Seconds

**Options :**

1. open



was opening

3. opens

4. opening

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 1** i.e. **open**.

- As there is already an auxiliary verb (was) used before the blank space in the same statement no option will be able to make an agreement with it.
- Only Open will make a sense here with Was.
- Open is used as an adjective here.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given- I was friends with the artist Bhupen Khakar. He was one of the (1) \_\_\_\_\_ human beings I have ever met. I learnt (2) \_\_\_\_\_ from him. When we were in Baroda we (3) \_\_\_\_\_ meals together all the time. I \_\_\_\_\_ (4) \_\_\_\_\_ remember how his caretaker (5) \_\_\_\_\_ family to him and he would often (6) \_\_\_\_\_ his children to school and taught \_\_\_\_\_ (7) \_\_\_\_\_ mathematics. His studio was in the (8) \_\_\_\_\_ of the house and (9) \_\_\_\_\_ for anyone to come in (10) \_\_\_\_\_ at his work.

**Question 102 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.10

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 68 Seconds

**Options :**

1. to look
2. to watch
3. looking upon
4. for looking

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 1** i.e. **to look**.

- As there is **At**(proportion) after the blank space, only "**to look**" will make a complete phrase.
- So, it will be the correct choice.
- '**To look at**' means '**to see**'.

**Question 103 :**



Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. I had a hard time paying the driver as I had only hundreds rupee note.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 48 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. paying the driver
2. only hundreds rupee note
3. I had a hard time
4. as I had

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 2** i.e. **only hundreds rupee note**.

- The error lies in part 2 of the statement because of the wrong use of Numbers.
- There are some words like- Pair, hundred, dozen, thousand, etc that are used in singular if there is any fixed number before it.
- Five hundred rupees, a five hundred rupee note. two thousand students etc.
- If there is no fixed number before it is used in the plural.
- Thousands of trees, hundreds of migrants, dozens of eggs.
- As in the wrong part of the statement, there is (only) that shows a fixed number "hundred" will be used in singular Noun.
- Hence, "Hundreds" should be replaced with "Hundred".

The correct sentence will be-

**I had a hard time paying the driver as I had only hundred rupee note.**

**Question 104 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. He likes to put all the garbage into a black small bag .

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 77 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. into a
2. all the garbage
3. He like to put



black small bag

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **black small bag**.

- The order of adjectives is the sequence used when there is more than one adjective to describe a noun.
- This order helps the sentence makes sense when you read it. The correct order is: number, opinion, size, shape, condition, age, color, pattern, origin, materials, and purpose.
- In this sentence firstly size 'small' than colour 'black' will come.

The correct sentence will be :-

**He likes to put all the garbage into a small black bag .**

**Question 105 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. The most helpful thing you can do is to hold someone's hand when they most need it. B. Also, jotting down notes for your seniors on ward rounds is probably not the most important thing. C. My first year as a doctor in U.K. is over and this is what I have learnt. D. No matter what anyone tells you, writing that urgent discharge summary is not the most important thing you will do today.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 78 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. DBAC
2. CDBA
3. ABDC
4. CBAD

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 2 i.e. CDBA.**

Sentence 'C' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph i.e, what the person had learnt in his first year. CD is the mandatory pair as it further tells about his first year experience, 'No matter what anyone tells you, ...'.

Part B will follow it which talks about 'Also, jotting down notes for your seniors on ward rounds is probably not the most important thing....'

The concluding sentence is sentence A as it talks about the most helpful thing he had learned as an experience.

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

**My first year as a doctor in U.K. is over and this is what I have learnt. No matter what anyone tells you, writing that**



urgent discharge summary is not the most important thing you will do today. Also, jotting down notes for your seniors on ward rounds is probably not the most important thing. The most helpful thing you can do is to hold someone's hand when they most need it.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night ,with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm.The change in timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 106 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.2

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 100 Seconds

**Options :**

1. therefore
2. both
3. by
4. and

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. and.

The word and is a conjunction, and when a conjunction joins two independent clauses, you should use a comma with it. The proper place for the comma is before the conjunction. ... (By the way, you can tell they're independent clauses because each one could stand on its own as a complete sentence.)

The correct sentence will be:- Humayun's Tomb and Safdarjung Tomb..

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night ,with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm.The change in timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 107 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No. 3



Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 68 Seconds

Options :

1. building
2. monument
3. apartments
4. monuments

Solution :

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. monuments.

The verb 'Open' is in plural form and thus the noun should also be in plural form i.e. monuments.

Also 'monuments' is used with 'heritage'.

Therefore the sentence will become:- 10 heritage monuments open to...

Question 108 :

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. How many languages are spoken in India?

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 46 Seconds

Options :

1. How many languages did the Indians speak?
2. How many languages are Indians speaking?
3. How many languages do people speak in India?
4. People have been speaking how many languages in India?

Solution :

The correct option is 3 i.e. **How many languages do people speak in India?**

The sentence is in the passive form of present indefinite tense hence, it will change into present indefinite when we change into active voice. The structures for active/passive voices are:

**Active:** How many + subject + helping +do +object

**Passive:** How many + Object + Is/am/are + verb (IIIrd form) + by + subject

Going by the above rules, the correct option is 3.

As the chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.

**Question 109 :**

Select the most appropriate idiom ( in the context) to fill in the sentence. In my parents' time, we mostly ate at home and family outings happened \_\_\_\_\_ .

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 66 Seconds

**Options :**

1. once in a blue moon
2. behind the back
3. in fine feather
4. shoulder to shoulder

**Solution :**

The correct option is 1. i.e, once in a blue moon.

To do something "once in a blue moon" is to do it very rarely.

Ex:- "That company puts on a good performance only once in a blue moon."

**Question 110 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. "Go on, apply for the job," said my best friend.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 48 Seconds

**Options :**

1. My best friend says I should go off and apply for the job.
2. My best friend had said to me to go on and apply for the job.
3. My best friend encouraged me to apply for the job.
4. You should apply for the job my best friend said.

**Solution :**

The correct option is 3. My best friend encouraged me to apply for the job.

Here, 'Go' should be changed to 'encouraged'.

As the given sentence is a imperative sentence. Imperative sentences are those which contain the sense of Request,



Command, advise, suggestion etc and always begin with the main verb. The subject 'You' is always implied.

1. An imperative sentence gives a direct command. It can end in a **period (full stop)** or an **exclamation mark**, depending on the forcefulness of the command.
2. The **main verb** in an imperative sentence is said to be in the **imperative mood**. In grammar, mood is the form a verb takes to show how it is to be regarded (e.g., as a fact, a command, a wish, an uncertainty.) There are three moods in English: the imperative mood, indicative mood, and the subjunctive mood.
3. As imperative sentences have a command (or an order), a request, an advice or a suggestion, to change them into Indirect Speech, some specific verbs (i.e. requested, order, advised, forbade, suggested) **replace** the verbs (e.g. said, told) of reporting verb.

### Question 111 :

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. These tribes believe that they can communicate with dead ancestors only through this language. B. Today, linguists call such a language an “isolated” language. C. Zuni is a language spoken only by the Zuni tribes. D. It is remarkable that these tribes have been able to preserve their language.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 109 Seconds

### Options :

1. BCDA
2. ADCB
3. CADB
4. DABC

### Solution :

The correct option is 3. i.e. CADB

Sentence 'C' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic 'Zuni tribes'. CA is the mandatory pair as it further tells about the tribes that what they believed, 'These tribes believe that they can communicate..!'. Part D will follow it which talks about 'It is remarkable that these tribes have been able to preserve their language....'

The concluding sentence is sentence B as it talks about the current status of that language 'Today, linguists call such a language an “isolated” language.'

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

**Zuni is a language spoken only by the Zuni tribes. These tribes believe that they can communicate with dead ancestors only through this language. It is remarkable that these tribes have been able to preserve their language. Today, linguists call such a language an “isolated” language.**



**Question 112 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. "You should lock your car as there have been some instances of theft," said Anil.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 78 Seconds****Options :**

1. There have been instances of theft so I should lock my car was told to me by Anil.
2. Anil advised me that I should lock my car as there had been some instances of theft.
3. There have been some instances of theft so I should have locked my car said Anil.
4. Anil said he must lock his car because there were some instances of theft.

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 2.** i.e. Anil advised me that I should lock my car as there had been some instances of theft.

As the given sentence is a imperative sentence. Imperative sentences are those which contain the sense of Request, Command, advise, suggestion etc and always begin with the main verb. The subject 'You' is always implied.

Here, '**said**' should be changed to '**advised**' and '**have**' should be changed to '**had**'.

1. An imperative sentence gives a direct command. It can end in a **period (full stop)** or an **exclamation mark**, depending on the forcefulness of the command.
2. The **main verb** in an imperative sentence is said to be in the **imperative mood**. In grammar, mood is the form a verb takes to show how it is to be regarded (e.g., as a fact, a command, a wish, an uncertainty.) There are three moods in English: the imperative mood, indicative mood, and the subjunctive mood.
3. As imperative sentences have a command (or an order), a request, an advice or a suggestion, to change them into Indirect Speech, some specific verbs (i.e. requested, order, advised, forbade, suggested) **replace** the verbs (e.g. said, told) of reporting verb.

**Question 113 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. High interest rates are alarming automobile dealers.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 109 Seconds****Options :**

1. Automobile dealers is being alarmed by high interest rates.
2. High interest rates has been alarmed by automobile dealers.



High interest rates have alarmed automobile dealers.

4. Automobile dealers are being alarmed by high interest rates.

**Solution :**

The correct option is 4 i.e. **Automobile dealers are being alarmed by high interest rates.**

The sentence is in the active form of Present Continuous Tense. The structures for active/passive voices are:

**Active:** Subject + is/am/are+ v1+ ing + object

**Passive:** Object+ is/am/are+ being+ v3+ by + subject

Going by the above rules, the correct option is 4.

**As the chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.**

**Question 114 :**

Pick a word opposite in meaning to Lackadaisical

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 59 Seconds

**Options :**

1. indifferent
2. jocular
3. enthusiastic
4. lukewarm

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 3 i.e. enthusiastic.**

**1. Lackadaisical-** lacking enthusiasm and determination; carelessly lazy.

- synonym- careless, lax, sluggish, languorous, lethargic, insouciant, etc.
- antonym- excited.

**2. indifferent-**having no particular interest or sympathy; unconcerned.

- synonym- mediocre, average, ordinary, etc.
- antonym- brilliant, exceptional, etc.

**3. jocular-**fond of or characterized by joking; humorous or playful.

- synonym- humorous, witty, comical, amusing, etc.

antonym- apathetic.

**4. enthusiastic**-having or showing intense and eager enjoyment, interest, or approval.

- synonym- ardent, fervent, passionate, keen, etc.
- antonym- demotivated, apathetic, dispirited, etc.

**5. lukewarm**-(of liquid or food that should be hot) only moderately warm; tepid.

- synonym- tepid, indifferent, apathetic.
- antonym- enthusiastic, hot, etc.

**As the chosen option shows the opposite meaning of the given word it will be correct.**

**Question 115 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. Sumit said, "I will be leaving for London this summer so I can meet you only when I return."

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 80 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. Sumit said he will be leaving for London this summer and he could meet him only when he returned.
2. Sumit said he will go to London this summer and he would meet me only when he will be returning.
3. Sumit said that he would be leaving for London that summer and he could meet me only when he returned.
4. Sumit said he will have gone to London that summer and could meet me only when he returned.

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 3 i.e. Sumit said that he would be leaving for London that summer and he could meet me only when he returned.**

We need to follow some rules for converting direct narration into indirect narration.

There should be no change in the reporting verb (said) as there is no object after it.

"will" should be changed into "would".

As only the chosen option follows the above rules so it will be correct.

**Question 116 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. My student, a doctor by profession, preferring to walk to the hospital everyday.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 77 Seconds**



## Options :

1. preferring walking
2. no improvement
3. prefers to walk
4. prefer to walking

## Solution :

The correct answer is **option 3** i.e. **prefers to walk**.

- As there is “every day” in the statement that shows that the action done in the statement is a habit, we need to keep the verb of the statement in a simple present.
- For showing habit/routine/universal truth/fact etc we use the simple present.
- So, the chosen option will improve the sentence grammatically and contextually.

The correct sentence will be-

**My student, a doctor by profession, prefers to walk to the hospital every day.**

## Question 117 :

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. The teacher said to Rana, “Have you completed the project?”

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 61 Seconds

## Options :

1. The teacher asked Rana that if Rana has completed the project.
2. The teacher asks Rana have you completed the project.
3. The teacher asked Rana whether he had completed the project.
4. The teacher asks Rana will you complete the project.

## Solution :

The correct answer is **option 3** i.e. **The teacher asked Rana whether he had completed the project.**

We need to follow some rules for converting direct speech into indirect speech.

'Said' should be changed into 'Asked' because reported speech is in interrogative structure.

'Have' should be changed into 'Had'.

Reported speech should be written in A assertive structure.

Only the chosen option followed all the given rules it will be correct.

**Question 118 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. Sonia says, "I love the monsoons."

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 61 Seconds

**Options :**

1. Sonia said that she loved the monsoons.
2. Sonia says that she loves the monsoons.
3. Sonia says that she is loving the monsoons.
4. Sonia said that she was loving the monsoons.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. Sonia says that she loves the monsoons.

We need to follow some rules for converting direct speech into indirect speech.

There should be no change in the reporting verb (says) as there is no object after it.

Tense of the reported speech should be the same as the direct speech.

Only the chosen option follows the given rules so it will be correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. According to a new American study headed by Dr. Willis, it has been found that people who exercise in the morning seem to lose more weight than people completing the same workouts later in the day. These findings help shed light on the vexing issue of why some people shed considerable weight with exercise and others almost none. The study adds to the growing body of science suggesting that the timing of various activities, including exercise, could affect how those activities affect us. The relationship between exercise and body weight is somewhat befuddling. Multiple past studies show that a majority of people who take up exercise to lose weight drop fewer pounds than would be expected, given how many calories they are burning during their workouts. Some gain weight. But a few respond quite well, shedding pound after pound with the same exercise regimen that prompts others to add inches. The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, the U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight. The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. After 10 months of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started

brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss. They hit upon activity timing. They decided to do a Follow-up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months. They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern. Those people who usually worked out before noon had lost more weight, on average, than the men and women who typically exercised after 3 p.m. The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly more active throughout the day, taking more steps in total than those who worked out later. They also ate less. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says. Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m. But Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than none.

**Question 119 :**

The Mid West Trail 2 was a

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 198 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. A European study on 100 participants who exercised 7 times a week and burnt 800 calories.
2. Canadian study on 500 participants who exercised 6 times a week and burnt 600 calories.
3. U.S based study on 100 participants who exercised 5 times a week and burnt 600 calories
4. U.S based study on 100 participants who exercised 3 times a week and burnt 300 calories.

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 3 i.e. U.S based study on 100 participants who exercised 5 times a week and burnt 600 calories**

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "**The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight.**

The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session."

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. According to a new American study headed by Dr. Willis, it has been found that people who exercise in the morning seem to lose more weight than people completing the



same workouts later in the day. These findings help shed light on the vexing issue of why some people shed considerable weight with exercise and others almost none. The study adds to the growing body of science suggesting that the timing of various activities, including exercise, could affect how those activities affect us. The relationship between exercise and body weight is somewhat befuddling. Multiple past studies show that a majority of people who take up exercise to lose weight drop fewer pounds than would be expected, given how many calories they are burning during their workouts. Some gain weight. But a few respond quite well, shedding pound after pound with the same exercise regimen that prompts others to add inches. The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, the U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight. The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. After 10 months of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss. They hit upon activity timing. They decided to do a Follow-up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months. They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern. Those people who usually worked out before noon had lost more weight, on average, than the men and women who typically exercised after 3 p.m. The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly more active throughout the day, taking more steps in total than those who worked out later. They also ate less. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says. Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m. But Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than none.

### Question 120 :

The Mid West Trial 2 duration was -

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 208 Seconds

### Options :

1. 12 months
2. 6 months
3. 18 months
4. 10 months

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. 10 months.

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "**The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight.** The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. **After 10 months** of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss."

So, the chosen option is correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. According to a new American study headed by Dr. Willis, it has been found that people who exercise in the morning seem to lose more weight than people completing the same workouts later in the day. These findings help shed light on the vexing issue of why some people shed considerable weight with exercise and others almost none. The study adds to the growing body of science suggesting that the timing of various activities, including exercise, could affect how those activities affect us. The relationship between exercise and body weight is somewhat befuddling. Multiple past studies show that a majority of people who take up exercise to lose weight drop fewer pounds than would be expected, given how many calories they are burning during their workouts. Some gain weight. But a few respond quite well, shedding pound after pound with the same exercise regimen that prompts others to add inches. The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, the U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight. The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. After 10 months of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss. They hit upon activity timing. They decided to do a Follow-up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months. They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern. Those people who usually worked out before noon had lost more weight, on average, than the men and women who typically exercised after 3 p.m. The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly more active throughout the day, taking more steps in total than those who worked out later. They also ate less. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says. Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m. But Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than



none.

### Question 121 :

Select the option that is not true as per the passage. Several studies show that as a result of the workout-

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 210 Seconds

### Options :

1. the majority lost a little weight.
2. a few had the desired weight loss.
3. some gained some weight.
4. most gained a lot of weight.

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. most gained a lot of weight.

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "Dr. Willis also points out that **most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier.** "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than none."

The golden part of the passage suggests that overall those who workout lose their weight.

So, the chosen statement is false.

Hence, it will be correct.

### Comprehension :

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. According to a new American study headed by Dr. Willis, it has been found that people who exercise in the morning seem to lose more weight than people completing the same workouts later in the day. These findings help shed light on the vexing issue of why some people shed considerable weight with exercise and others almost none. The study adds to the growing body of science suggesting that the timing of various activities, including exercise, could affect how those activities affect us. The relationship between exercise and body weight is somewhat befuddling. Multiple past studies show that a majority of people who take up exercise to lose weight drop fewer pounds than would be expected, given how many calories they are burning during their workouts. Some gain weight. But a few respond quite well, shedding pound after pound with the same exercise regimen that prompts others to add inches. The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, the U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight. The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. After 10 months of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses

fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss. They hit upon activity timing. They decided to do a Follow -up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months. They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern. Those people who usually worked out before noon had lost more weight, on average, than the men and women who typically exercised after 3 p.m. The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly more active throughout the day, taking more steps in total than those who worked out later. They also ate less. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says. Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m. But Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than none.

### Question 122 :

What was the difference between the Mid West Trial 2 study and the Mid West Trial 2 Follow-up study that was taken up later?

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 216 Seconds

### Options :

1. The duration of the follow-up study was longer.
2. The calorie intake and the time of exercise were examined.
3. Participants of the study stayed in the premises.
4. Face to face interviews were conducted.

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. The calorie intake and the time of exercise were examined.

It is mentioned in the passage that "They hit upon activity timing. They decided to do a Follow -up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. **They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months.** They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern."

The golden part explains the given question so it will be correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. According to a new American study headed by Dr. Willis, it has been found that people who exercise in the morning seem to lose more weight than people completing the same workouts later in the day. These findings help shed light on the vexing issue of why some people shed considerable weight with exercise and others almost none. The study adds to the growing body of science suggesting that the timing of various activities, including exercise, could affect how those activities affect us. The relationship between exercise and body weight is somewhat befuddling. Multiple past studies show that a majority of people who take up exercise to lose weight drop fewer pounds than would be expected, given how many calories they are burning during their workouts. Some gain weight. But a few respond quite well, shedding pound after pound with the same exercise regimen that prompts others to add inches. The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, the U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight. The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. After 10 months of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss. They hit upon activity timing. They decided to do a Follow-up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months. They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern. Those people who usually worked out before noon had lost more weight, on average, than the men and women who typically exercised after 3 p.m. The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly more active throughout the day, taking more steps in total than those who worked out later. They also ate less. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says. Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m. But Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than none.

**Question 123 :**

The finding of the Mid West Trial 2 Follow-up study was that the best time for exercise was-

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 217 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. noon to 3 p.m.
2. between 3-7 p.m.

before noon.

4. 7 p.m. onwards.

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 3 i.e. before noon.**

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m."

So, the chosen option is correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. According to a new American study headed by Dr. Willis, it has been found that people who exercise in the morning seem to lose more weight than people completing the same workouts later in the day. These findings help shed light on the vexing issue of why some people shed considerable weight with exercise and others almost none. The study adds to the growing body of science suggesting that the timing of various activities, including exercise, could affect how those activities affect us. The relationship between exercise and body weight is somewhat befuddling. Multiple past studies show that a majority of people who take up exercise to lose weight drop fewer pounds than would be expected, given how many calories they are burning during their workouts. Some gain weight. But a few respond quite well, shedding pound after pound with the same exercise regimen that prompts others to add inches. The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, the U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight. The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. After 10 months of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss. They hit upon activity timing. They decided to do a Follow-up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months. They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern. Those people who usually worked out before noon had lost more weight, on average, than the men and women who typically exercised after 3 p.m. The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly more active throughout the day, taking more steps in total than those who worked out later. They also ate less. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says. Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m. But Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than

none.

**Question 124 :**

Select the option which is not true. The successful weight losers in the Mid West Trial 2 Follow-up study \_\_\_\_\_

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 190 Seconds****Options :**

1. remained active.
2. slept more.
3. walked more.
4. ate less.

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 2 i.e. slept more.**

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly **more active throughout the day**, taking **more steps** in total than those who worked out later. They also **ate less**. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says."

As there is no mention about the chosen option in the passage so it will be false.

Hence, it will be the correct answer.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. According to a new American study headed by Dr. Willis, it has been found that people who exercise in the morning seem to lose more weight than people completing the same workouts later in the day. These findings help shed light on the vexing issue of why some people shed considerable weight with exercise and others almost none. The study adds to the growing body of science suggesting that the timing of various activities, including exercise, could affect how those activities affect us. The relationship between exercise and body weight is somewhat befuddling. Multiple past studies show that a majority of people who take up exercise to lose weight drop fewer pounds than would be expected, given how many calories they are burning during their workouts. Some gain weight. But a few respond quite well, shedding pound after pound with the same exercise regimen that prompts others to add inches. The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, the U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight. The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. After 10 months of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss. They hit upon activity timing. They

decided to do a Follow-up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months. They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern. Those people who usually worked out before noon had lost more weight, on average, than the men and women who typically exercised after 3 p.m. The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly more active throughout the day, taking more steps in total than those who worked out later. They also ate less. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says. Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m. But Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than none.

### Question 125 :

Select the correct option. By 'larkish exercisers' the writer refers to people who-

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 204 Seconds

### Options :

1. love to see the lark in the morning.
2. like to exercise late with the larks.
3. like to sing in the morning.
4. exercise in the morning.

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. exercise in the morning.

it is clearly mentioned in the passage that "Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as **the larkish exercisers**, and almost certainly became healthier."

So, it will be the correct answer.

### Comprehension :

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. According to a new American study headed by Dr. Willis, it has been found that people who exercise in the morning seem to lose more weight than people completing the same workouts later in the day. These findings help shed light on the vexing issue of why some people shed considerable weight with exercise and others almost none. The study adds to the growing body of science suggesting that the timing of

various activities, including exercise, could affect how those activities affect us. The relationship between exercise and body weight is somewhat befuddling. Multiple past studies show that a majority of people who take up exercise to lose weight drop fewer pounds than would be expected, given how many calories they are burning during their workouts. Some gain weight. But a few respond quite well, shedding pound after pound with the same exercise regimen that prompts others to add inches. The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, the U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight. The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. After 10 months of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss. They hit upon activity timing. They decided to do a Follow-up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months. They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern. Those people who usually worked out before noon had lost more weight, on average, than the men and women who typically exercised after 3 p.m. The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly more active throughout the day, taking more steps in total than those who worked out later. They also ate less. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says. Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m. But Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than none.

### Question 126 :

Find one word which means the same as the following. a set of rules about food and diet that someone follows

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 197 Seconds

### Options :

1. catalogue
2. regiment
3. regimen
4. fundamental

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. regimen.



1. **catalog**-a complete list of items, typically one in alphabetical or other systematic order.
2. **regiment**- a permanent unit of an army typically commanded by a lieutenant colonel and divided into several companies, squadrons, or batteries and often into two battalions.
3. **regimen**-a prescribed course of medical treatment, diet, or exercise for the promotion or restoration of health.
4. **fundamental**-forming a necessary base or core; of central importance.

**As the chosen option best expresses the meaning of the given group of words, it will be correct.**

### Comprehension :

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. According to a new American study headed by Dr. Willis, it has been found that people who exercise in the morning seem to lose more weight than people completing the same workouts later in the day. These findings help shed light on the vexing issue of why some people shed considerable weight with exercise and others almost none. The study adds to the growing body of science suggesting that the timing of various activities, including exercise, could affect how those activities affect us. The relationship between exercise and body weight is somewhat befuddling. Multiple past studies show that a majority of people who take up exercise to lose weight drop fewer pounds than would be expected, given how many calories they are burning during their workouts. Some gain weight. But a few respond quite well, shedding pound after pound with the same exercise regimen that prompts others to add inches. The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, the U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight. The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. After 10 months of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss. They hit upon activity timing. They decided to do a Follow -up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months. They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern. Those people who usually worked out before noon had lost more weight, on average, than the men and women who typically exercised after 3 p.m. The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly more active throughout the day, taking more steps in total than those who worked out later. They also ate less. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says. Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m. But Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than none.

### Question 127 :

Find one word in the passage which means the same as 'confusing'.



Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 201 Seconds

Options :

1. brainstorming
2. vexing
3. befuddling
4. striking

Solution :

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. befuddling.

1. **brainstorming**-group discussion to produce ideas or solve problems.
2. **vexing**-causing annoyance, frustration, or worry.
3. **befuddling**-cause to become unable to think clearly.
4. **striking**-attracting attention by reason of being unusual, extreme, or prominent.

As the chosen word expresses the opposite meaning of the given word, it will be correct.

Comprehension :

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. According to a new American study headed by Dr. Willis, it has been found that people who exercise in the morning seem to lose more weight than people completing the same workouts later in the day. These findings help shed light on the vexing issue of why some people shed considerable weight with exercise and others almost none. The study adds to the growing body of science suggesting that the timing of various activities, including exercise, could affect how those activities affect us. The relationship between exercise and body weight is somewhat befuddling. Multiple past studies show that a majority of people who take up exercise to lose weight drop fewer pounds than would be expected, given how many calories they are burning during their workouts. Some gain weight. But a few respond quite well, shedding pound after pound with the same exercise regimen that prompts others to add inches. The Midwest Trial 2, was conducted in the University of Kansas, the U.S. on how regular, supervised exercise influences body weight. The trial involved 100 overweight, previously inactive young men and women who were made to work out five times a week at a physiology lab, jogging or otherwise sweating until they had burned up to 600 calories per session. After 10 months of this regimen, almost everyone had dropped pounds. But the extent of their losses fluctuated wildly, even though everyone was doing the same, supervised workout. A team of researchers started brainstorming what could be responsible for the enormous variability in the weight loss. They hit upon activity timing. They decided to do a Follow -up study of the Mid West Trial 2. In this new study, the Mid West Trial 2 Follow up study the researchers now studied a team of participants who could visit the gym whenever they wished between 7 a.m. and 7 p.m. They also tracked everyone's calorie intakes and daily movement habits throughout the 10 months. They knew, too, whether and by how much people's weights had changed. Now, they checked weight change against exercise schedules and quickly noticed a consistent pattern. Those people who usually worked out before noon had lost more weight, on average, than the men and women who typically exercised after 3 p.m. The researchers uncovered a few other, possibly

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relevant differences between the morning and late-day exercisers. The early-exercise group tended to be slightly more active throughout the day, taking more steps in total than those who worked out later. They also ate less. These factors may cumulatively have contributed to the striking differences in how many pounds people lost, Dr. Willis says. Thus it seems that people who worked out before noon lost more weight, on average than those who typically exercised after 3 p.m. But Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than none.

**Question 128 :**

What would Dr. Willis say to someone who has given up exercising because they cannot do so in the morning?

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 193 Seconds****Options :**

1. Exercise is good only in the morning.
2. Exercise only with a trainer.
3. Any exercise is better than none.
4. Evening is the worst time to exercise.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. Any exercise is better than none.

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "Dr. Willis also points out that most of those who worked out later in the day did lose weight, even if not as much as the larkish exercisers, and almost certainly became healthier. "I would not want anyone to think that it's not worth exercising if you can't do it first thing in the morning," he says. "**Any exercise, at any time of day, is going to be better than none.**"

So, it will be the correct choice.

**Question 129 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. Instead of studying in home I went to my friend's house.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 68 Seconds****Options :**

1. in home
2. I went



Instead of studying

4. to my friend's house.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 1** i.e., 'in home'.

- The preposition 'at' is used when referring to buildings or locations in a city.

**The correct sentence will be:-**

Instead of studying at home I went to my friend's house.

**Question 130 :**

Select the most appropriate idiom ( in the context) to fill in the sentence. Colleges cannot \_\_\_\_\_ to ragging because of the Anti Ragging Act.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 49 Seconds

**Options :**

1. turn a blind eye
2. add fuel to the fire
3. look forward
4. look someone in the eye

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 1** i.e. turn a blind eye.

The correct meaning of the given idiom is-

Turn a blind eye- pretend not to notice.

The chosen option best suits the blank space.

So, it will be the correct choice.

**Question 131 :**

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. Impossible to satisfy

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 45 Seconds

**Options :**

1. palatable



insatiable

3. insane

4. magnanimous

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2. 'Insatiable'.

- Insatiable means (of an appetite or desire) impossible to satisfy.
- Palatable means (of food or drink) pleasant to taste.
- Insane means in a state of mind which prevents normal perception, behaviour, or social interaction; seriously mentally ill.
- Magnanimous means generous or forgiving, especially towards a rival or less powerful person.

**Question 132 :**

Identify the word that is misspelt.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 45 Seconds

**Options :**

1. Miscellaneous
2. Umbilical
3. Prophecy
4. Accommodation

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. Accommodation.

The correct word will be-

1. **Miscellaneous**-(of items or people gathered or considered together) of various types or from different sources.
2. **Umbilical**-relating to or affecting the navel or umbilical cord.
3. **Prophecy**-a prediction of what will happen in the future.
4. **Accommodation**-a room, group of rooms, or building in which someone may live or stay.

**Question 133 :**

Select the most appropriate idiom ( in the context) to fill in the sentence. During the staff meeting, there was a lot of ruckus since many didn't \_\_\_\_\_ with the authorities.



Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 55 Seconds

Options :

1. see eye to eye
2. put their best foot forward
3. put their foot down
4. move up in the world

Solution :

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. see eye to eye.

The meaning of the idiom is-

See eye to eye- be in full agreement.

As the statement is talking about the "staff meeting" and "ruckus" the chosen will make sense with the statement.

Both the statement and option have the same reference so it will be the correct answer.

Question 134 :

Pick a word opposite in meaning to Predecessor

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 49 Seconds

Options :

1. processor
2. lessor
3. oppressor
4. successor

Solution :

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. successor.

1. **processor**-a machine that processes something.
2. **lessor**-a person who leases or lets a property to another; a landlord.
3. **oppressor**-a person or group that oppresses people.
4. **successor**-a person or thing that succeeds another.

As the chosen word expresses the opposite meaning of the given word it will be correct.

Question 135 :

Select the most appropriate idiom ( in the context) to fill in the sentence. I could make out that the conversation was leading to a fight so I \_\_\_\_\_ .

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 51 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. nipped it in the bud
2. cut corners
3. killed two birds with a stone
4. made a song and a dance

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. nipped it in the bud.

The meaning of the idiom is

Nipped it in the bud- To stop something at an early stage.

As the statement is talking about the "conversation leading to a fight" it is better to stop the conversation at an early age.

The chosen option is in agreement with the context of the statement so it will be correct.

**Question 136 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. I had to go to the doctor because I was not bear the pain in my tooth.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 57 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. had to go
2. in my tooth
3. to the doctor
4. was not bear

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. was not bear.

- The error lies in part 4 of the statement because of the wrong use of the Verb.
- We need to replace "Bear" with "Able to bear" for making the statement grammatically correct.



The correct sentence will be-

I had to go to the doctor because I was not able to bear the pain in my tooth.

**Question 137 :**

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. The fear of water

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 53 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. claustrophobia
2. autophobia
3. hydrophobia
4. pyrophobia

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 3** i.e. **hydrophobia**.

- **claustrophobia**- extreme or irrational fear of confined places.
- **autophobia**- fear of being alone or lonely.
- **hydrophobia**- extreme or irrational fear of water, especially as a symptom of rabies in humans.
- **pyrophobia**- extreme or irrational fear of fire.

As the chosen option best expresses the meaning of the given group of words it will be correct.

**Question 138 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. "I'm so sorry! I totally forgot about the meeting," he said.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 58 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. He is being sorry for having totally forgotten about the meeting.
2. He apologized and said he had totally forgotten about the meeting.
3. He was so sorry that he had forgot totally about the meeting.
4. Having forgotten totally about the meeting he is very sorry.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 2**. i.e. He apologized and said he had totally forgotten about the meeting.

As the given sentence is Assertive Sentence.

Here, 'I'm so sorry!' should be changed to 'He apologized' and 'forgot' should be changed to 'forgotten'.

Rule 1

- If there is no object after Reporting verb there it should not be changed.
- If there is some object after Reporting verb then say is changed to tell, says to tells and said to told.
- According to the context said to can be replaced by replied, apologized, informed, stated, added, remarked, asserted, assured, pleaded, reminded, reported or complained etc.

Rule 2

- Put conjunction that in place of "".
- Change the pronouns of the Reported speech as enlisted earlier.

**Question 139 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. We have written all the library rules on the notice-board.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 88 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. All the library rules have been written on the notice-board.
2. All the library rules were written on the notice-board.
3. All the library rules are being written on the notice-board.
4. We are writing all the library rules on the notice-board.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. **All the library rules have been written on the notice-board.**

The sentence is in the active form of Present perfect tense. The structures for active/passive voices are:

**Active:** Subject + has/have + v3 + object.

**Passive:** Object+ has/have + been + v3+ by + subject,

Going by the above rules, the correct option is 1.

**As the chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.**

**Question 140 :**





Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. My boss said, "Do you think you can complete the report within five days?"

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 65 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. My boss said to me do you think I can complete the report within five days?
2. My boss asked me whether I thought I could complete the report within five days.
3. My boss said to me if I think I can complete the report within five days.
4. My boss says do you think you can complete the report within five days?

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. My boss asked me whether I thought I could complete the report within five days.

We need to follow some rules for converting direct speech into indirect speech.

Reporting verb "said" should be changed into "Asked" as the reported speech is in interrogative structure.

Only chosen option follows this change so it will be correct.

**Question 141 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. I couldn't visit my aunt as there were the traffic jam due to an accident.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 70 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. no improvement
2. are a traffic jam
3. were a traffic jam
4. was a traffic jam

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. was a traffic jam.

- 'There' has been used to here to indicate 'the way to aunt's home', therefore 'was a traffic jam' will be used, we need to keep the singular helping verb of the statement.
- So, the chosen option will improve the sentence grammatically and contextually.



The correct sentence will be-

**I couldn't visit my aunt as there was a traffic jam due to an accident.**

**Question 142 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. The Queen said to the ministers, "Cut off the prisoner's head!"

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 59 Seconds

**Options :**

1. The Queen ordered the ministers to cut off the prisoner's head.
2. Screaming at the ministers the Queen is ordering to cut off the prisoner's head.
3. The prisoner's head would be cut off screamed the queen to the ministers.
4. The Queen told the ministers that to cut off the prisoner's head.

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 1. i.e.** The Queen ordered the ministers to cut off the prisoner's head.

As the given sentence is a imperative sentence. Imperative sentences are those which contain the sense of Request, Command, advise, suggestion etc and always begin with the main verb. The subject 'You' is always implied.

Here, '**said to**' should be changed to '**ordered**' and a mark of exclamation will be added.

1. An imperative sentence gives a direct command. It can end in a **period (full stop)** or an **exclamation mark**, depending on the forcefulness of the command.
2. The **main verb** in an imperative sentence is said to be in the **imperative mood**. In grammar, mood is the form a verb takes to show how it is to be regarded (e.g., as a fact, a command, a wish, an uncertainty.) There are three moods in English: the imperative mood, indicative mood, and the subjunctive mood.
3. As imperative sentences have a command (or an order), a request, an advice or a suggestion, to change them into Indirect Speech, some specific verbs (i.e. requested, order, advised, forbade, suggested) **replace** the verbs (e.g. said, told) of reporting verb.

**Question 143 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. His death was a cause of great speculation. B. Edgar Allan Poe was a famous American author. C. Within a few days of being found, he died mysteriously on Oct 7, 1849. D. He had gone missing on October 3, 1849 and was found a few days later.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 114 Seconds

**Options :**

CDBA

2. BADC

3. BCDA

4. DBCA

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 2 i.e. BADC**

Sentence 'B' introduces the topic of the paragraph which is 'Edgar Allan' and hence will be first sentence. Sentence D might be next sentence but it will not be in accordance to any option.

So next sentence will be A. Sentence D will follow it as it tells about 'missing of Edgar Allan'. And then sentence C concludes the passage by telling about the death of Edgar Allan.

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

Edgar Allan Poe was a famous American author. His death was a cause of great speculation. He had gone missing on October 3, 1849 and was found a few days later. Within a few days of being found, he died mysteriously on Oct 7, 1849.

**Question 144 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. Despite this, he was very good at delegating work. B. No wonder his films were universally acclaimed. C. A Satyajit Ray film was solely his film. D. Even after delegation, he was involved in every aspect of the film.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 76 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. DACB

2. CDBA

3. CADB

4. ABDC

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 3 i.e. CADB.**

Sentence 'C' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph that is about the 'Satyajit Ray film'. AD is the mandatory pair. Sentence A talks about 'delegating the work' and further D talks how he remains involved in every aspect of the film even after delegating the work.



And Sentence B concludes the passage.

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

A Satyajit Ray film was solely his film. Despite this, he was very good at delegating work. Even after delegation, he was involved in every aspect of the film. No wonder his films were universally acclaimed.

**Question 145 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. One of the crocodiles was four feet long and almost six years old. B. Post this announcement a video of a crocodile attacking a dog has gone viral causing people to panic further. C. The authorities have announced that more crocodiles would be sighted once the waters recede. D. After the monsoon deluge the Forest Department of Vadodara has so far rescued three crocodiles which had swum into residential areas.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 80 Seconds

**Options :**

1. BDAC
2. ADBC
3. DACB
4. DCAB

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. DACB.

Sentence 'D' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph 'After the monsoon deluge.. three crocodiles ..'. DA is the mandatory pair as it further tells about the crocodiles, 'One of the crocodiles was four feet long ...'.

Part C will follow it which talks about 'The authorities have announced that more crocodiles would be ....'

The concluding sentence is sentence B as it talks about the condition after the announcement, 'Post this announcement a video of a crocodile attacking...'

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

After the monsoon deluge the Forest Department of Vadodara has so far rescued three crocodiles which had swum into residential areas. One of the crocodiles was four feet long and almost six years old. The authorities have announced that more crocodiles would be sighted once the waters recede. Post this announcement a video of a crocodile attacking a dog has gone viral causing people to panic further.

**Question 146 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. We waited till 10 pm for our guests but they never turned up.



Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 81 Seconds

Options :

1. was waiting
2. no improvement
3. have been waited
4. are waiting

Solution :

The correct answer is **option 2** i.e. **no improvement**.

- As the sentence is in past tense and the action had already taken place. So, the sentence is grammatically and contextually correct.

The correct sentence will be-

We waited till 10 pm for our guests but they never turned up.

Question 147 :

Select the most appropriate idiom ( in the context) to fill in the sentence. That student of yours has such sound values. She's indeed a \_\_\_\_\_ .

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 49 Seconds

Options :

1. rare bird
2. barrel of laughs
3. pain in the neck
4. pot calling the kettle black

Solution :

The correct answer is **option 1** i.e. **rare bird**.

1. **Rare bird** idiom means an exceptional individual, a unique person.
2. **barrel of laughs** : someone or something that is very funny.
3. **Pain in the neck**: someone or something that's is difficult or annoying.
4. The **pot calling the kettle black**: something you say that means people should not criticize someone else for a fault that they have themselves.



The correct sentence will become:-

**That student of yours has such sound values. She's indeed a rare bird .**

**Question 148 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. Mother said, "Sonam, don't throw tantrums."

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 65 Seconds

**Options :**

1. Mother warns Sonam not to throw tantrums.
2. Mother said that Sonam is not to throw tantrums.
3. Mother told Sonam not to throw tantrums.
4. Mother says to Sonam not to throw tantrums.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 3 i.e. Mother told Sonam not to throw tantrums.**

- As the given sentence is in present indefinite tense.
- Here, 'said' should be changed to 'told'.
- It refers to the rule B3 & B22 .

**Note:- Common rules for converting direct speech to indirect speech:**

A. Change in the Tense of Reported Speech:

1. If the first part of sentence (reporting verb part) belongs to present or future tense, the tense of reported speech will not change.
2. If the first part of sentence (reporting verb part) belongs to past tense the tense of reported speech will change.

B. If the reporting verb is in past tense, we make changes to the reported verb as per the below rule:-

1. Simple present tense changes to simple past tense.
2. Present continuous tense changes to past continuous tense.
3. Present perfect tense changes to past perfect tense.
4. Present Perfect continuous tense changes to past perfect continuous tense.
5. Simple past tense changes to past perfect tense.
6. Past continuous tense changes to past perfect continuous tense.
7. No changes are made to past perfect and past perfect continuous tense.
8. In future tense will/shall changes to would.



- Can changes to **Could**.
- May changes to **Might**.
  - Reported speech is not enclosed in quotation marks.
  - Use of word "that": The word "that" is used as a conjunction between the reporting verb and reported speech.
  - If Reporting Speech is having Reporting Verb at its start, then IF is used in place of THAT.
  - If the Reporting Speech is having interrogative words like who, when, how, why, when then neither IF is used nor any other word is added.
  - Reporting Verb is changed according to Reported Speech into REQUEST in case the sentence makes a request.
  - Reporting Verb is changed according to Reported Speech into ADVISE in case the sentence gives an advice.
  - Reporting Verb is changed according to Reported Speech into FORBADE in case the sentence prevents someone from doing something.
  - If the reported speech is in YES/NO question form then if/whether is used before reported speech.
  - If the reported speech is in the form of WH-Question (who/what/why/how/where/when/which etc.), no conjunction is used before the question word. The question word itself works as a conjunction.
  - Reported verb is made assertive; i.e. it is kept in the order of subject + verb.
  - The sign of interrogation (?) is removed and full stop is used.
  - To convert sentences into indirect narration, the below rules are followed:
    - Say/Said is changed to ask/asked/wonder/wondered/enquire of/enquired of etc. as per the sense of the sentence.
    - Inverted commas (" ") are removed.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night ,with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm.The change in timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 149 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.5

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 194 Seconds

**Options :**

- in
- by
- for
- till

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. till.

Till is the properly truncated version of the preposition until, which means up to, and is used in anticipation of a future event.

Ex:-I shall not be at peace till you promise me this.

Therefore the sentence will become:- from sunrise till 9 p.m. ...

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night ,with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm.The change in timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 150 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No. 8

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 64 Seconds

**Options :**

1. close
2. was closed
3. having closed
4. was being closed

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. close.

To **close** is to shut something or to end something. Ex:- You could **close** a door .

'monuments' is plural and the sentence is in present tense. Hence, 'Close' is correct usage.

Therefore the sentence will become:- most monuments close for visitors at 6pm.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night ,with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm.The change in





timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 151 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.6.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 67 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. this
2. then
3. those
4. that

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 1 i.e. this.**

Here 'this' indicates that the announcement was made the same morning.

Ex:-We had a good frolic this morning out in the garden.

Therefore the sentence will become:- The announcement was made this morning by the Union Minister for Culture ...

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night ,with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm.The change in timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 152 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.7

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 63 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. Tour
2. Tourist
3. Tourists
4. Tourism

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. Tourism.

Here 'Tourism' indicates the post i.e. Union Minister for Culture and Tourism

Therefore the sentence will become:- The announcement was made this morning by the Union Minister for Culture and Tourism...

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night ,with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm.The change in timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 153 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No. 9

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 61 Seconds

**Options :**

1. will be
2. has been
3. will have been
4. would have been

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. will be.

Will be is used for future continuous form of a sentence. "Will be" + Verb + Time.

We can use "will" to talk about the future. We also use will to make predictions, talk about decisions, and to make promises, offers, requests and threats.

Ex:- She **will** be happy with her exam results.

Therefore the sentence will become:- The change in timings will be effective for a period ...

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night ,with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the



Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm. The change in timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 154 :**

Select the most appropriate option to fill in blank No.10

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 76 Seconds

**Options :**

1. about
2. into
3. through
4. of

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. of.

Of usually shows a connection or belonging.

We use 'for' with a period of time in the past, present or future. We use 'since' with a point in time in the past. For refers to periods of time, e.g. 3 years, 4 hours, ages, a long time, months, years.

Ex:- They've lived in Oxford since 2004.

Therefore the sentence will become:- The change in timings will be effective for a period of 3 years.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. A few years ago it seemed as if the moment for stand-up comedy had arrived. By the end of 2017, stand-up comedians were on the cover of a magazine, signaling the coming of age of the industry. The stand-up game attracted investors in the right places: on platforms like Netflix and Amazon Prime, apart from increasing open mic schedules in venues across cities. Two major companies Comedy Store and Canvas Laugh Club arrived on the scene and were game changers. But despite a heady start, the comic landscape has changed drastically today with stand-up comedians feeling the brunt of faltering payments and cancelled shows. Despite a good start, the Indian stand-up industry is still unorganized and uncertain for comics. If you ask viral comic Kunal Kamra about the scene, he says that the audience isn't really 'invested' in the art form at the moment and that only ten or twenty tickets would sell if comics weren't on the internet promoting themselves. And this is despite the surge in open mics and more stand-ups coming in. Last year, new-age Indian comedy's reputation came under strain when allegations under the #MeToo movement exposed a darker side of the circuit. Since then, the big three comedy groups: All India Bakchod, SNG Comedy and East India Comedy, have either disbanded or had founding members quit. Jeeya Sethi, a leading comedian says, "It's a good thing that these -collectives have died because they mostly had men with no women being showcased."



Sethi adds saying that it isn't as easy as it sounds. "In a fledgling industry, a viral YouTube video isn't a sign that you've made it". Craft takes time. Every comic who does two open mics calls himself a comedian. In my opinion, you have to do comedy for more than 20 years to be a comic. It takes at least five years to find your voice."

**Question 155 :**

By saying 'the audience has not invested in the stand-up comedy art form' the author means that-

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 150 Seconds****Options :**

1. the audience prefers to watch only women comedians.
2. it is a new art form and it will take time to build an audience.
3. the audience don't wish to develop a sense of humour.
4. there are faltering payments and cancelled shows.

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 2 i.e.** it is a new art form and it will take time to build an audience.

By saying 'the audience has not invested in the stand-up comedy art form' the author means that stand-up comedy is something which is very new for the viewers and it needs to be promoted in proper way over internet for being popular.

Hence, 'it is a new art form and it will take time to build an audience' is the correct answer.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. A few years ago it seemed as if the moment for stand-up comedy had arrived. By the end of 2017, stand-up comedians were on the cover of a magazine, signaling the coming of age of the industry. The stand-up game attracted investors in the right places: on platforms like Netflix and Amazon Prime, apart from increasing open mic schedules in venues across cities. Two major companies Comedy Store and Canvas Laugh Club arrived on the scene and were game changers. But despite a heady start, the comic landscape has changed drastically today with stand-up comedians feeling the brunt of faltering payments and cancelled shows. Despite a good start, the Indian stand-up industry is still unorganized and uncertain for comics. If you ask viral comic Kunal Kamra about the scene, he says that the audience isn't really 'invested' in the art form at the moment and that only ten or twenty tickets would sell if comics weren't on the internet promoting themselves. And this is despite the surge in open mics and more stand-ups coming in. Last year, new-age Indian comedy's reputation came under strain when allegations under the #MeToo movement exposed a darker side of the circuit. Since then, the big three comedy groups: All India Bakchod, SNG Comedy and East India Comedy, have either disbanded or had founding members quit. Jeeya Sethi, a leading comedian says, "It's a good thing that these -collectives have died because they mostly had men with no women being showcased." Sethi adds saying that it isn't as easy as it sounds. "In a fledgling industry, a viral YouTube video isn't a sign that you've made it". Craft takes time. Every comic who does two open mics calls himself a comedian. In my opinion, you have to do



comedy for more than 20 years to be a comic. It takes at least five years to find your voice.”

**Question 156 :**

The stand-up comedy show had a wonderful start because- Open mic shows were held in venues across cities. Leading companies came forward to support artists. Payments to artists were prompt and good. Some Bollywood directors offered them roles. Comedians were given good media coverage.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 163 Seconds****Options :**

1. 3, 4 & 5
2. 1, 2 & 5
3. 2, 4 & 5
4. 2, 3 & 4

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. 1, 2 & 5.

According to the passage:

The stand-up comedy show had a wonderful start because open mic shows were held in venues across cities, Leading companies came forward to support artists, Comedians were given good media coverage.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. A few years ago it seemed as if the moment for stand-up comedy had arrived. By the end of 2017, stand-up comedians were on the cover of a magazine, signaling the coming of age of the industry. The stand-up game attracted investors in the right places: on platforms like Netflix and Amazon Prime, apart from increasing open mic schedules in venues across cities. Two major companies Comedy Store and Canvas Laugh Club arrived on the scene and were game changers. But despite a heady start, the comic landscape has changed drastically today with stand-up comedians feeling the brunt of faltering payments and cancelled shows. Despite a good start, the Indian stand-up industry is still unorganized and uncertain for comics. If you ask viral comic Kunal Kamra about the scene, he says that the audience isn't really 'invested' in the art form at the moment and that only ten or twenty tickets would sell if comics weren't on the internet promoting themselves. And this is despite the surge in open mics and more stand-ups coming in. Last year, new-age Indian comedy's reputation came under strain when allegations under the #MeToo movement exposed a darker side of the circuit. Since then, the big three comedy groups: All India Bakchod, SNG Comedy and East India Comedy, have either disbanded or had founding members quit. Jeeya Sethi, a leading comedian says, "It's a good thing that these -collectives have died because they mostly had men with no women being showcased." Sethi adds saying that it isn't as easy as it sounds. "In a fledgling industry, a viral YouTube video isn't a sign that you've made it". Craft takes time. Every comic who does two open mics calls himself a comedian. In my opinion, you have to do

comedy for more than 20 years to be a comic. It takes at least five years to find your voice.”

**Question 157 :**

Select the word which means the same as ‘fledgling’ in the given context -

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 133 Seconds****Options :**

1. a nervous person who frets a lot
2. a fairly new company or industry
3. a mature person who performs well
4. a successful and established venture

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 2 i.e.** a fairly new company or industry.

According to the passage, fledgling means a fairly new company or industry.

Ex:- Many **fledgling companies** need financial assistance.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. A few years ago it seemed as if the moment for stand-up comedy had arrived. By the end of 2017, stand-up comedians were on the cover of a magazine, signaling the coming of age of the industry. The stand-up game attracted investors in the right places: on platforms like Netflix and Amazon Prime, apart from increasing open mic schedules in venues across cities. Two major companies Comedy Store and Canvas Laugh Club arrived on the scene and were game changers. But despite a heady start, the comic landscape has changed drastically today with stand-up comedians feeling the brunt of faltering payments and cancelled shows. Despite a good start, the Indian stand-up industry is still unorganized and uncertain for comics. If you ask viral comic Kunal Kamra about the scene, he says that the audience isn't really 'invested' in the art form at the moment and that only ten or twenty tickets would sell if comics weren't on the internet promoting themselves. And this is despite the surge in open mics and more stand-ups coming in. Last year, new-age Indian comedy's reputation came under strain when allegations under the #MeToo movement exposed a darker side of the circuit. Since then, the big three comedy groups: All India Bakchod, SNG Comedy and East India Comedy, have either disbanded or had founding members quit. Jeeya Sethi, a leading comedian says, "It's a good thing that these -collectives have died because they mostly had men with no women being showcased." Sethi adds saying that it isn't as easy as it sounds. "In a fledgling industry, a viral YouTube video isn't a sign that you've made it". Craft takes time. Every comic who does two open mics calls himself a comedian. In my opinion, you have to do comedy for more than 20 years to be a comic. It takes at least five years to find your voice.”

**Question 158 :**

How has the situation been reversed from the early success of stand-up comedy?

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 137 Seconds****Options :**

1. SNG Comedy and East India Comedy support the comedians.
2. Comedians are being offered double the price asked by them.
3. Comedy Store and Canvas Laugh Club are offering bigger platforms to comedians.
4. Comedy groups are packing up and founders are resigning.

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 4 i.e.** Comedy groups are packing up and founders are resigning.

As inferred from the passage, The situation been reversed from the early success of stand-up comedy as comedy groups are packing up and founders are resigning.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. A few years ago it seemed as if the moment for stand-up comedy had arrived. By the end of 2017, stand-up comedians were on the cover of a magazine, signaling the coming of age of the industry. The stand-up game attracted investors in the right places: on platforms like Netflix and Amazon Prime, apart from increasing open mic schedules in venues across cities. Two major companies Comedy Store and Canvas Laugh Club arrived on the scene and were game changers. But despite a heady start, the comic landscape has changed drastically today with stand-up comedians feeling the brunt of faltering payments and cancelled shows. Despite a good start, the Indian stand-up industry is still unorganized and uncertain for comics. If you ask viral comic Kunal Kamra about the scene, he says that the audience isn't really 'invested' in the art form at the moment and that only ten or twenty tickets would sell if comics weren't on the internet promoting themselves. And this is despite the surge in open mics and more stand-ups coming in. Last year, new-age Indian comedy's reputation came under strain when allegations under the #MeToo movement exposed a darker side of the circuit. Since then, the big three comedy groups: All India Bakchod, SNG Comedy and East India Comedy, have either disbanded or had founding members quit. Jeeya Sethi, a leading comedian says, "It's a good thing that these -collectives have died because they mostly had men with no women being showcased." Sethi adds saying that it isn't as easy as it sounds. "In a fledgling industry, a viral YouTube video isn't a sign that you've made it". Craft takes time. Every comic who does two open mics calls himself a comedian. In my opinion, you have to do comedy for more than 20 years to be a comic. It takes at least five years to find your voice."

**Question 159 :**

Sethi believes that- The road to success is only through YouTube. A viral YouTube video is a sign of success. Comedy is an art form and takes hard work and patience. The true comic artist takes years to find one's voice.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 148 Seconds****Options :**

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1 & 3

2. 2 & 4

3. 1 & 2

4. 3 & 4

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. 3 & 4.

According to the passage Sethi believes that Comedy is an art form and takes hard work and patience. The true comic artist takes years to find one's voice.

As stated in the passage:- Jeeya Sethi, a leading comedian says, "It's a good thing that these -collectives have died because they mostly had men with no women being showcased." Sethi adds saying that it isn't as easy as it sounds. "In a fledgling industry, a viral YouTube video isn't a sign that you've made it". Craft takes time. Every comic who does two open mics calls himself a comedian. In my opinion, you have to do comedy for more than 20 years to be a comic. It takes at least five years to find your voice."

### Question 160 :

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. Ravi can't come to the meeting as he was not well.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 75 Seconds

### Options :

1. couldn't came

2. could come

3. couldn't come

4. no improvement

### Solution :

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. couldn't come.

- As there is "he was not well" a condition given in the statement, we need to keep the verb of the statement in simple past.
- "can't" is used for if the thing that will happen (future tense). whereas "couldn't" is used if the thing has already happened (past tense).
- So, the chosen option will improve the sentence grammatically and contextually.





The correct sentence will be-  
**Ravi couldn't come to the meeting as he was not well.**

**Question 161 :**

Find a word that is the synonym of Philanthropist.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 60 Seconds

**Options :**

1. humanitarian
2. philosopher
3. humanist
4. misanthropist

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. humanitarian.

**Philanthropist** means a person who seeks to promote the welfare of others, especially by the generous donation of money to good causes.

Humanitarian means concerned with or seeking to promote human welfare.

Philanthropist is the synonyms of humanitarian.

**Question 162 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. These houses which were built 20 years ago are now in need of repairs.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 50 Seconds

**Options :**

1. which can built
2. no improvement
3. which was build
4. who was built

**Solution :**



The correct answer is **option 2** i.e. **no improvement**.

- As the given sentence is past tense. So, 'were' is the correct usage as the verb will also be in past form.

The correct sentence will be-

**These houses which were built 20 years ago are now in need of repairs.**

**Question 163 :**

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. Splendid and expensive-looking

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 47 Seconds

**Options :**

1. sumptuous
2. peculiar
3. curious
4. malicious

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 1** i.e. sumptuous.

- Sumptuous means splendid and expensive-looking.
- Peculiar means different to what is normal or expected; strange.
- Curious means eager to know or learn something.
- Malicious means characterized by malice; intending or intended to do harm.

**Question 164 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. Don't stay in school after 2 p.m. All the teachers have been leaving by then.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 51 Seconds

**Options :**

1. are leave
2. will have left
3. must left
4. No improvement

**Solution :**



The correct answer is **option 2** i.e. **will have left**.

- The FUTURE PERFECT TENSE indicates that an action will have been completed (finished or "perfected") at some point in the future.
- This tense is formed with "will" plus "have" plus the past participle of the verb (which can be either regular or irregular in form).
  - Ex: "I will have spent all my money by this time next year."

The correct sentence will be:-

**Don't stay in school after 2 p.m. All the teachers will have left by then.**

**Question 165 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. I have an invite from a friend to visit the Canada and United States next month.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 68 Seconds

**Options :**

1. no improvement
2. to Canada or the united states
3. to the Canada and United States
4. Canada and the United States

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **Canada and the United States**.

- If the country is plural we use 'the'. If the country name is common nouns, use **the** - "The People's Republic of China" (more than one people); "The Philippines" (more than one island); "The United Kingdom" (more than one country); "The United States of America" (more than one state).
- For other countries, we don't use an article. Ex: France, Italy, Japan, South Korea, Canada, etc. Like "North America" and "South America" are the proper nouns, names for two continents. So we won't use "the" before them.
- So, the chosen option will improve the sentence grammatically and contextually.

The correct sentence will be-

**I have an invite from a friend to visit Canada and the United States next month.**

**Question 166 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. Reena said, "What a lovely scene! I wish I could stay here forever!"



Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 81 Seconds

Options :

1. Reena said with happiness that was a lovely scene. She wishes to stay there forever.
2. Reena exclaimed that it was a lovely scene. She further wished that she could stay there forever.
3. Reena says this is a lovely scene. I wish I could stay there forever.
4. Reena said what a lovely scene! She wished she could stay here forever.

Solution :

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. Reena exclaimed that it was a lovely scene. She further wished that she could stay there forever.

1. As the reported speech is in an exclamatory sentence we need to change reporting verb into "exclaimed".
2. Reported speech will be written in the form of - it was + article + noun + adjective.
3. Inverted comma will be changed into "that".
4. Understand the mood of sentence whether it expresses joy, sorrow or wonder.
5. Replace reporting verb 'said' with the word 'exclaimed with sorrow/joy/wonder' as per the mood of sentence (refer the table below to understand the mood of sentence)
6. The interjection i.e., hurrah, alas, vow etc would be removed.
7. If the reported speech part starts with words 'how or what' they would be replaced with very or very great. 'Very' comes before Adjective and 'Great' comes before Noun.

As the chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.

Question 167 :

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. My grandfather wished that God should give me success in my new venture. He further said that his prayers would always be with me.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 99 Seconds

Options :

1. My grandfather says to me, "God might give you success in your new venture! My prayers are always going to be with you."
2. My grandfather said to me, "Maybe God will give you success in your new venture! My prayers would always be with you."
3. My grandfather wished to me, "May God give to you success in your new venture! My prayers are always with you."
4. My grandfather said to me, "May God give you success in your new venture! My prayers will always be with you."

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**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **My grandfather said to me, "May God give you success in your new venture! My prayers will always be with you."**

1. **As the given statement is in indirect speech** we need to convert it into direct speech.
2. Here, 'me(reported speech)' should be changed to 'you' and 'his prayers' should be changed to 'my prayers (as the grandfather was wishing)' and 'will' should be changed to 'would'.
3. "that" should be changed into "inverted comma".
4. "wished" should be changed into, "said to".
5. As the given sentence is a optative sentence. The sentence in which we express hope, the prayer of any wish, is called optative sentences. These sentences use the mark of exclamation at the end of the sentence.
6. Understand the sentence whether it shows prayer, hope or wish.
7. Omit the word 'May' or 'Would that from the start of reported speech and replace said with 'prayed' and 'wished', respectively.
8. Replace mark of Exclamation with a full stop.

As the chosen option follow the given rule it will be correct.

**Question 168 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. To write a poem I need a pen, a diary and also the quiet place.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 115 Seconds****Options :**

1. a diary
2. To write
3. and also the
4. I need

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 3** i.e. **and also the.**

- The error lies in part 3 of the statement because of the wrong use of parallelism.
- As all the objects used in the statement are followed by the article "a" we need to use "A" at the place of "the" as well.
- Hence, we need to replace THE with A for making the statement grammatically correct.

The correct sentence will be-



To write a poem I need a pen, a diary and also a quiet place.

**Question 169 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct / indirect) of the given sentence. The salesman said to me, "All the gift items are new. We received this consignment yesterday."

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 62 Seconds****Options :**

1. The salesman informed me that all the gift items were new. He further said they had received that consignment the day before.
2. The salesman informed to me about all the gift items that they were new. They received that consignment the day before.
3. The salesman told me that all the gift items are new. He further said we received this consignment yesterday.
4. The salesman said to me that all the gift items are new. We received that consignment yesterday.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. The salesman informed me that all the gift items were new. He further said they had received that consignment the day before.

1. As the given sentence is in the past continuous tense, PAST CONTINUOUS will be changed to PAST PERFECT CONTINUOUS.
2. Here, 'said' should be changed to 'informed' and 'yesterday' should be changed to 'the day before'.
3. "yesterday" will be changed into "the day before".

As the chosen option follows the given rules it will be correct.

**Question 170 :**

Select the word which means the same as the group of words given. Seeming reasonable

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 77 Seconds****Options :**

1. plausible
2. permeable
3. versatile
4. volatile

**Solution :**



The correct answer is option 1 i.e. plausible.

Plausible means (of an argument or statement) seeming reasonable or probable.

permeable means (of a material or membrane) allowing liquids or gases to pass through it.

versatile means able to adapt or be adapted to many different functions or activities.

volatile means (of a substance) easily evaporated at normal temperatures.

**Question 171 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. Whenever we go out we spend a lot money on food.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 53 Seconds****Options :**

1. much of
2. most of
3. a lot of
4. no improvement

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 3** i.e. **a lot of**.

- If you like something very much, you might say, "I like it **a lot**, or if you have a large amount of homework, you can say, "I have **a lot** of homework."
- So, the chosen option will improve the sentence grammatically and contextually.

The correct sentence will be-

**Whenever we go out we spend a lot of money on food.**

**Question 172 :**

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. I think that capitalism is not a better economic system for our country.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 61 Seconds****Options :**

1. was not the good



is not better

3. no improvement

4. is not a good

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 4 i.e. is not a good.**

- We use a comparative degree whenever we have to show comparison.
- As there is no comparison in the statement we need to use positive degree.
- So, we need to replace "is not a better" with "is not a good" for making the statement grammatically correct.

**The correct sentence will be-**

I think that capitalism is not a good economic system for our country.

**Question 173 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. In those allotted minutes the directors have the freedom to interpret the segments in their own unique way. B. The play has been divided into segments of 10 minutes each by the directors. C. Eight young directors, over 50 actors and one landmark play-Hayavadana. D. This unique collaboration is a tribute to the playwright Girish Karnad.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 69 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. BACD
2. CDDBA
3. ADBC
4. CABD

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 2 i.e. CDDBA**

Sentence 'C' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph that is 'The play-Hayavadana'.

Pronoun 'This' is used for The play-Hayavadana in sentence D so it will be next sentence.

Sentence B will follow it which further talks about the play how it is divided in segments.

Sentence A will follow it as it further talks about the interpretation of those segments.

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

Eight young directors, over 50 actors and one landmark play-Hayavadana.This unique collaboration is a tribute to the





playwright Girish Karnad. The play has been divided into segments of 10 minutes each by the directors. In those allotted minutes the directors have the freedom to interpret the segments in their own unique way.

**Question 174 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. The play on environment issues was performed with great professionalism by our students.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 71 Seconds****Options :**

1. Our students performed the play on environment issues with great professionalism.
2. Our students were to perform with great professionalism the play on environment issue.
3. Our students have been performing the play on environment issues with great professionalism.
4. The play on environment issues was being performed with great professionalism by our students.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. **Our students performed the play on environment issues with great professionalism.**

**Passive voice-** subject + was/were + v3 + by + object + other words.

**Active voice-** object + v2 + subject + other words.

**As the chosen option follows the given structure it will be correct.**

**Question 175 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. High level security arrangements were made for the forthcoming visit to a Japanese Prime Minister.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 60 Seconds****Options :**

1. security arrangements
2. were made
3. for the forthcoming
4. visit to a

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **visit to a**.



- As there is “a **Japanese Prime Minister**” a noun, we need to keep the verb of the statement in past tense.
- Here preposition 'visit' is followed by a noun. Therefore, according to the noun 'visit of a' will be used here.
  - When using a **preposition**, you must always have the subject and verb before it, and follow it with a noun. You should never follow it with a verb!
  - So, the chosen option will improve the sentence grammatically and contextually.

**The correct sentence will be-**

High level security arrangements were made for the forthcoming visit of a Japanese Prime Minister.

**Question 176 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. Preparations are being made for our Annual fest.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 69 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. We are making preparations for our Annual fest.
2. We have made preparations for our Annual fest.
3. Preparations were being made for our Annual fest.
4. Our Annual fest preparations are made.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. **We are making preparations for our Annual fest.**

The sentence is in the passive form of present continuous tense. The structures for active/passive voices are:

**Passive:** Object + Is/am/are+ being +verb (IIIrd form) + by + subject.

**Active:** Subject + is/am/are + V4 + object + other words.

Going by the above rules, the correct option is 1.

**As the chosen option follows the given rule it will be correct.**

**Question 177 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. “Don’t overspeed at night,” I said to Irina.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 64 Seconds**

**Options :**



I warned Irina not to overspeed at night.

2. Over speeding at night is not good, I said to Irina.
3. I warn to Irina not to overspeed at night.
4. I had been warning Irina not to overspeed at night.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. I warned Irina not to overspeed at night.

We need to follow some rules for converting direct speech into indirect speech.

Reporting verb (said) should be changed into warned/forbade.

As there is only an option with the mentioned change it will be correct.

**Question 178 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. As soon as she was given the slippers, she broke into a dance strutting around in her first ever pair of slippers. B. This story may seem strange but it is a fact that, in many villages of India, people don't have anything to put on their feet. C. Goonj, a leading NGO of India, runs a Cloth for Work Scheme and gives clothes and useful items in exchange for work done. D. Recently, as part of the scheme, an old lady in a Madhya Pradesh village was given a pair of slippers.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 78 Seconds

**Options :**

1. DACB
2. CABD
3. CDAB
4. DBAC

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. CDAB

Sentence 'C' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph that is 'The NGO Goonj'. sentence D will follow it which tells about the recent incident/work done by that NGO that is about a lady.

sentence A will follow it because it connect with sentence B as it tells about the reaction of that lady after getting the slippers.

The concluding sentence is sentence B because it talks about the current situation and fact.



The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

Goonj , a leading NGO of India, runs a Cloth for Work Scheme and gives clothes and useful items in exchange for work done. Recently, as part of the scheme, an old lady in a Madhya Pradesh village was given a pair of slippers. As soon as she was given the slippers, she broke into a dance strutting around in her first ever pair of slippers. This story may seem strange but it is a fact that, in many villages of India, people don't have anything to put on their feet.

**Question 179 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. The home then was a bungalow, single storied and bounded by walls. B. He states that in the early 1950's houses in most cities relied on the bungalow model. C. According to Gautam Bhatia, a leading architect we need to bring about a radical change in our model of housing. D. Sadly, nearly 70 years later after a 100-fold increase in city population, density and land value we still persist on the same outmoded model

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 102 Seconds

**Options :**

1. CBAD
2. CDAB
3. DBAC
4. CDBA

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. CBAD

Sentence 'C' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph that is 'Model of housing'. Sentence B will follow it as the pronoun 'He' is used in it for "Gautam Bhatia" also it tells about what he stated, 'He states that in the early 1950's houses in most cities...'.  
Sentence A will follow it: 'then' is used here to signify the thing happened in 1950's (Mentioned in previous sentence).  
The concluding sentence is sentence D as it talks about the present condition of the model.

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

According to Gautam Bhatia ,a leading architect we need to bring about a radical change in our model of housing. He states that in the early 1950's houses in most cities relied on the bungalow model.The home then was a bungalow, single storied and bounded by walls. Sadly ,nearly 70years later after a 100-fold increase in city population, density and land value we still persist on the same outmoded model.

**Question 180 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. My friend told me I

could stay at his place in Dehradun whenever I wished.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 84 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. My friend said, "You will be coming to stay at my place in Dehradun whenever you wish."
2. My friend said, "If you are wishing to come to Dehradun come and stay in my place."
3. My friend said, "You can stay at my place in Dehradun whenever you wish."
4. My friend said, "You will come and be staying in my place in Dehradun whenever you wish."

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 3 i.e. My friend said, "You can stay at my place in Dehradun whenever you wish."**

We need to follow some rules for converting indirect speech into direct speech.

"could" should be changed into "can".

As there is only one option with this change so it will be the correct choice.

**Question 181 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. But today adults as well as a growing number of young parents are cutting down on intake of sugar. B. Until about two decades ago, becoming careful about sugar was only for diabetics. C. Thus going zero on sugar is fast becoming a popular trend for all. D. Before joining this trend doctors advise that we all need to find out whether all sugars are harmful.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 83 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. BACD
2. CDAB
3. ABDC
4. DBAC

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 1 i.e. BACD**

Sentence 'B' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph that is about the 'sugar intake'. Sentence B tells about the previous situation whereas sentence A talks about the current scenario of 'sugar intake by young parents'. Hence it will be next sentence.

CD is the mandatory pair after it because sentence C introduces about the trend of 'going zero on sugar' and sentence D further tells about that trend.

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

Until about two decades ago, becoming careful about sugar was only for diabetics. But today adults as well as a growing number of young parents are cutting down on intake of sugar. Thus going zero on sugar is fast becoming a popular trend for all. Before joining this trend doctors advise that we all need to find out whether all sugars are harmful.

**Question 182 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. Unfortunately this resulted in his going to jail. B. As a child he always landed in trouble. C. Louis Armstrong was a famous jazz musician. D. Once he found a pistol and fired it in the street.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 83 Seconds

**Options :**

1. CBDA
2. CBDA
3. BCAD
4. DABC

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. CBDA

Sentence 'C' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph that is 'Musician Louis Armstrong'. Sentence B will follow it as it starts telling about his childhood'.

Sentence D will follow it which talks about one of the incident of his childhood i.e. firing a pistol.

The concluding sentence is sentence A as it talks about the result of firing the pistol i.e. punishment in Jail.

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

Louis Armstrong was a famous jazz musician. As a child he always landed in trouble. Once he found a pistol and fired it in the street. Unfortunately this resulted in his going to jail.

**Question 183 :**

Find a word that is the synonym of impoverished.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 64 Seconds

**Options :**

1. spendthrift

generous

3. wealthy

4. penniless

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 4 i.e. penniless.**

**1. Impoverished-** (of a person or area) made poor.

- synonym- Destitute, Pauper, Unproductive, Drained, etc.
- antonym- Enrich, fertile, parvenu, etc

**2. Spendthrift-**a person who spends money in an extravagant, irresponsible way.

- synonym- Profligate, prodigal, extravagant, squandering, etc
- antonym- Misterly, thrifty, frugal, miser, skinflint, etc

**3. Generous-** showing a readiness to give more of something, especially money, than is strictly necessary or expected.

- synonym- liberal, Bountiful, bounteous, benignant, etc
- antonym- selfish, mean, baleful, etc

**4. Wealthy-** having a great deal of money, resources, or assets; rich.

- synonym- affluent, prosperous, opulent, minted, plutocratic etc.
- antonym- poor, impoverished etc

**5. Penniless-**(of a person) having no money; very poor.

- synonym- indigent, penurious, impecunious, necessities, destitute, insolvent, etc
- antonym- wealthy, affluent, etc.

**As the chosen option best expresses the meaning of the given word it will be correct.**

**Question 184 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. This record of migration is one of the greatest natural events on earth. B. Each Autumn, millions of Monarch butterflies leave their breeding grounds in US and Canada. C. The migration of the Monarch butterfly is an amazing phenomenon. D. They travel over 3000 miles to reach their winter habitat in Mexico.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 94 Seconds**

**Options :**



1. ADBC

2. CBDA

3. DCBA

4. ABDC

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. CBDA

Sentence 'C' introduces the topic of the paragraph which is 'The migration of the Monarch butterfly', so it will be first sentence. Sentence B will follow it as it tells about the Migration from US and Canada. Sentence D will follow it as it tells how these butterflies travel to reach their habitat.

Sentence A concludes the passage.

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

The migration of the Monarch butterfly is an amazing phenomenon. Each Autumn, millions of Monarch butterflies leave their breeding grounds in US and Canada. They travel over 3000 miles to reach their winter habitat in Mexico. This record of migration is one of the greatest natural events on earth.

**Question 185 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. I don't like movies who has an unhappy ending.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 66 Seconds

**Options :**

1. who has

2. I don't

3. like movies

4. an unhappy ending

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. who has.

- We need to use THAT at the place of WHO for making the sentence grammatically correct.
- And Has should be converted into Have.

The correct sentence will be-

**I don't like movies that have an unhappy ending.**



**Question 186 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. Next, step by step from the shallow waters you are gradually guided to dive in safe areas. B. This 'dry' lesson is followed by wearing the gear and then entering shallow waters to practice basic scuba diving skills. C. The Discover Scuba Diving tour starts with a 30 minute lesson on teaching basic skills outside water. D. Finally, what is most reassuring about the whole tour is that your instructor is always by your side to monitor you till the end of the session.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 70 Seconds

**Options :**

1. CABD
2. ABDC
3. ABCD
4. CBAD

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. CBAD.

Sentence 'C' introduces the topic of the paragraph that is 'The Discover Scuba Diving tour' and hence will be 1st sentence. Sentence B will follow it as it tells about the first lesson of the Scuba Diving tour.

Sentence A will follow it which talks about Next lesson and tells how to proceed after entering into Shallow water (Mentioned in previous sentence).

The word 'Finally' signifies that sentence D is the concluding sentence.

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

The Discover Scuba Diving tour starts with a 30 minute lesson on teaching basic skills outside water. This 'dry' lesson is followed by wearing the gear and then entering shallow waters to practice basic scuba diving skills. Next, step by step from the shallow waters you are gradually guided to dive in safe areas. Finally, what is most reassuring about the whole tour is that your instructor is always by your side to monitor you till the end of the session.

**Question 187 :**

Find a word that is the synonym of Stoical.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 76 Seconds

**Options :**

1. ruffled



apathetic

3. panicky

4. equivocal

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. apathetic.

1. **ruffled**-disorder or disarrange (someone's hair), typically by running one's hands through it.
2. **apathetic**-showing or feeling no interest, enthusiasm, or concern.
3. **panicky**-feeling or characterized by uncontrollable fear or anxiety.
4. **equivocal**-open to more than one interpretation; ambiguous.

As the chosen word best expresses the meaning of the given word it will be correct.

**Question 188 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. Our home was built in 1990 by my father.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 52 Seconds

**Options :**

1. Our home was being built in 1990 by my father.
2. My father had built our home in 1990.
3. My father was building our home in 1990.
4. My father built our home in 1990.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 4 i.e. **My father built our home in 1990.**

**Passive voice**- subject + was/were + v3 + by + object + other words.

**Active voice**- object + v2 + subject + other words.

As the chosen option follows the above structure it will be correct.

**Question 189 :**

Choose the most appropriate option to change the narration (direct/indirect) of the given sentence. Mary said, "I have to be there by 10 am tomorrow."

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 53 Seconds



## Options :

1. Mary says to me that she has to be there by 10 am.
2. Mary tells me she has to be there by 10 am tomorrow.
3. Mary told me that she had to be there by 10 am the next day.
4. Mary is telling me that she has to be there by 10 am tomorrow.

## Solution :

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. Mary told me that she had to be there by 10 am the next day.

We need to follow some rules for converting direct speech into indirect speech.

Tense of the reported speech should be changed into the past.

As the chosen option has this change it will be correct.

## Question 190 :

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. It takes me one hour to get to work in the morning in weekdays.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 60 Seconds

## Options :

1. in week day
2. in the morning
3. takes me
4. to get to work

## Solution :

The correct answer is option 1 i.e. in weekdays.

- The error lies in part 1 of the statement because of the wrong use of Preposition.
- We need to replace In with On for making the sentence grammatically correct.

The correct sentence will be-

**It takes me one hour to get to work in the morning on weekdays.**

## Question 191 :

Identify the best way to improve the underlined part of the given sentence. If there is no improvement required, select 'no improvement'. It has been two years that I have see Meena.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 54 Seconds

Options :

1. since I have seen
2. No improvement
3. since I didn't saw
4. that I saw

Solution :

The correct answer is **option 1** i.e. **since I have seen**.

- The lies in part 1 of the statement because of the wrong use of subject-verb agreement.
- Have + v3" is the correct construction so we need to replace SEE with SEEN for making the sentence grammatically correct.

The correct sentence will be-

**It has been two years that I have seen Meena.**

Question 192 :

Choose the most appropriate option to change the voice (active/passive) form of the given sentence. I am writing a story after a long time.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 54 Seconds

Options :

1. A story after a long time was written by me.
2. A story is being written by me after a long time.
3. I have written a story after a long time.
4. A story had been written by me after a long time.

Solution :

The correct answer is option 2 i.e. **A story is being written by me after a long time**.

**Active voice-** subject + is/am/are + v4 + object + other words.

**Passive voice-** object + is/am/are + being + v3 + by + subject + other words.

**As the chosen option follows the above structure it will be correct.**

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and answer the questions that follow. The United Kingdom's Social Mobility Commission study reports that disadvantaged children in England are being priced out of a cultural hinterland. Children aged 10-15 from low-income families are three times less likely than wealthier peers to engage in out-of-school musical activities, such as learning an instrument, etc. There were also differences according to race – 4% of British Pakistani children took part in music classes, compared with 28% of Indian children and 20% of white children – and regional divides: 9% of children in north-east England played a musical instrument, compared with 22% in the south-east. Disadvantaged children are also more likely to miss out on extracurricular sports (football, boxing, cricket) and drama, dance and art. The commission set out recommendations, including bursaries, better funding and support for schools – let's hope they're taken on board. As well as the activities themselves, children are missing out on other crucial gains including confidence-building, team spirit and social skill, and are less likely to go on to higher education. Extracurricular activities tend to cost money, but there are also problems with a lack of availability and access, such as schools being unable to afford to run after-school clubs or stay open during holidays. Another barrier is the kids' "fear of not fitting in". In this sense, certain children are self-excluding from, say, learning an instrument, singing in a choir, playing cricket or acting. They decide by themselves that they're "undeserving" of music, sport, art and drama. Unbelievably, in 2019, children as young as 10 are already hard-wired with the self-limiting poverty notion of "not for the likes of us". This is heartbreaking. It's hardly news that life is tougher for poorer children, but it's an outrage if all sense of curiosity, artistry and playfulness is knocked out of them so early. Something is wrong if better-off children feel entitled to explore and participate in areas that interest and excite them, while the disadvantaged are cast from the start as cultural wallflowers – doomed to sit out every dance. This isn't about every child learning the piano or violin (but why not?), it's about sowing the seeds for a cultural hinterland that will sustain and enrich them for life. It's about people exploring their passions and refusing to have their horizons artificially limited. Regardless of circumstances, all children should know that their faces "fit" – automatically and forever. Culture belongs to everyone.

**Question 193 :**

How will a wholesome education including arts and sports not benefit the disadvantaged?

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 169 Seconds****Options :**

1. Children will get exposure to arts and sports.
2. Children will no longer have the fear of not fitting in.
3. Children will have feelings of low self-esteem and self-exclusion.
4. Children will explore play and learning outside of class.

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. Children will have feelings of low self-esteem and self-exclusion.

It is clearly mentioned in the passage that "Extracurricular activities tend to cost money, but there are also problems with a lack of availability and access, such as schools being unable to afford to run after-school clubs or stay open during holidays. Another barrier is the kids' "fear of not fitting in. this sense, **certain children are self-excluding from**, say, learning an instrument, singing in a choir, playing cricket or acting."

So, the chosen option is correct.

**Comprehension :**

Read the following passage and fill in each blank with words chosen from options given. One can soon feast (1) \_\_\_\_\_ eyes on Humayun's Tomb (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Safdarjung Tomb at night ,with the government deciding to keep 10 heritage (3) \_\_\_\_\_ open to the (4) \_\_\_\_\_ from sunrise (5) \_\_\_\_\_ 9 p.m. The announcement was made (6) \_\_\_\_\_ morning by the Union Minister for Culture and (7) \_\_\_\_\_. Currently, most monuments (8) \_\_\_\_\_ for visitors at 6pm.The change in timings (9) \_\_\_\_\_ effective for a period (10) \_\_\_\_\_ 3 years.

**Question 194 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. Furthermore, make sure that you give some vivid details of the city making it as real as you can. B. For example, if it begins in a city, give details about the city. C. First of all make it as specific as possible. D. While writing a story or a novel the setting is very important.

**Difficulty : Moderate**

**Average Time : 100 Seconds**

**Options :**

1. DCBA
2. CABD
3. ACBD
4. DABC

**Solution :**

**The correct answer is option 1 i.e. DCBA.**

Sentence 'D' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph 'While writing a story or a novel...'. CB is the mandatory pair as it further tells about the steps to follow while writing a story or novel, 'First of all make it as specific as possible...'. 'Furthermore, make sure that you give some vivid details of the city making it as real as you can.'

Part B will follow it which talks about examples, i.e. 'For example, if it begins in a city, give details about the city. ...'

The concluding sentence is sentence A as it talks about the precise detailing of it. i.e., ' Furthermore, make sure that you give some vivid details...'( 'Furthermore' is the indicator of a conclusion of the paragraph.)

**The Correct paragraph formed will be:-**

**While writing a story or a novel the setting is very important. First of all make it as specific as possible. For example, if it begins in a city, give details about the city. Furthermore, make sure that you give some vivid details**



of the city making it as real as you can.

**Question 195 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. Therefore, I firmly believe that this curriculum be extended to all schools. B. I believe that India as a country needs the happiness curriculum. C. They are a dejected lot and will definitely benefit from this curriculum. D. It is really needed for the younger generation.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 94 Seconds

**Options :**

1. ABDC
2. BCAD
3. BDCA
4. CDAB

**Solution :**

The correct answer is option 3 i.e. BDCA.

Sentence 'B' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph 'the happiness curriculum...'. BD is the mandatory pair as it further tells about the happiness curriculum i.e. 'It is really needed for the younger generation...'.  
Part C will follow it which talks about 'They are a dejected lot and will definitely benefit from this curriculum.'

The concluding sentence is sentence A as it talks about the firmly believe about it i.e., 'Therefore, I firmly believe that this curriculum be extended to all schools.' ('Therefore' is the indicator of a conclusion of the paragraph.)

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

**I believe that India as a country needs the happiness curriculum. It is really needed for the younger generation. They are a dejected lot and will definitely benefit from this curriculum. Therefore, I firmly believe that this curriculum be extended to all schools.**

**Question 196 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. Therefore an advanced ambulance needs to reach the patient immediately. B. A cardiac arrest, as is well known, needs revival within 4 minutes. C. A question often asked by us in India is whether we will get timely health care in an emergency. D. But even in Delhi, the capital city, a patient does not get emergency care.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 91 Seconds

**Options :**



1. ABDC
2. BCAD
3. CDAB
4. CBAD

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **CBAD**.

- **Sentence 'C'** is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph 'timely health care in an emergency...'
- **CB** is the mandatory pair as it further tells about when a timely emergency is needed, 'A cardiac arrest, as is well known, needs revival within 4 minutes.'
- **Part A** will follow it which talks about 'Therefore an advanced ambulance needs to reach the patient immediately.'
- The concluding sentence is **sentence D** as it talks about the condition in cities with higher facilities, i.e., after all this in capital city like Delhi, a patient does not get emergency care. i.e., 'But even in Delhi, the capital city,..'

**The Correct paragraph formed will be:**

*A question often asked by us in India is whether we will get timely health care in an emergency. A cardiac arrest, as is well known, needs revival within 4 minutes. Therefore an advanced ambulance needs to reach the patient immediately. But even in Delhi, the capital city, a patient does not get emergency care.*

**Question 197 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. But a sprig was taken and planted in one of the hills of Sri Lanka. B. The original tree is no longer there. C. That sprig grew into a tree and is called Maha Bodhi tree. D. Gautam Buddha attained enlightenment under a peepal tree in Bodhgaya in Bihar.

**Difficulty : Moderate****Average Time : 99 Seconds****Options :**

1. CABD
2. BCAD
3. ACBD
4. DBAC

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 4** i.e. **DBAC**.



Sentence 'D' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph ' peepal tree in Bodhgaya in Bihar' DB is the mandatory pair as it further tells about the origin of that peepal tree, 'The original tree is no longer there.' Part A will follow it which talks about 'But a sprig was taken and planted in one of the hills of Sri Lanka.' The concluding sentence is sentence C as it talks about the sprig of the original tree. i.e, 'That sprig grew into a tree and is called Maha Bodhi tree.'

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

**Gautam Buddha attained enlightenment under a peepal tree in Bodhgaya in Bihar. The original tree is no longer there. But a sprig was taken and planted in one of the hills of Sri Lanka. That sprig grew into a tree and is called Maha Bodhi tree.**

**Question 198 :**

Identify the segment in the sentence, which contains the grammatical error. The Jammu and Kashmir State government decision to abruptly end the Amarnath pilgrimage, at least a fortnight ahead of schedule, citing terror threats, is intriguing.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 82 Seconds

**Options :**

1. at least a fortnight ahead
2. of schedule, citing terror threats, is intriguing
3. The Jammu and Kashmir State government decision
4. to abruptly end the Amarnath pilgrimage

**Solution :**

The correct answer is **option 3** i.e. **The Jammu and Kashmir State government decision.**

- The error lies in part 3 of the statement because of the incorrect usage of the Possessive case.
- We need to replace "State government decision" with "State government's decision" for making the statement grammatically correct.

**Concept-**

- With any institution or government body, we use 'S (apostrophe) as the possessive case.

The correct sentence will be-

**The Jammu and Kashmir State government's decision to abruptly end the Amarnath pilgrimage, at least a fortnight ahead of schedule, citing terror threats, is intriguing.**



Hence, the chosen option is correct.

**Question 199 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. Some of the Vitamin A rich sources of foods are carrots, broccoli, spinach, fish and meat. B. An American research study has found that Vitamin A intake can lower risk of skin cancer. C. It suggests that we should consume a diet with fruits and vegetables. D. This study has been published in JAMA Dermatology.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 83 Seconds

**Options :**

1. ABDC
2. BDCA
3. BADC
4. CABD

**Solution :**

The correct option is 2. i.e. BDCA

Sentence 'B' is clearly the opening sentence, since it introduces the topic of the paragraph 'Vitamin A intake can lower risk of skin cancer...'. BD is the mandatory pair as it further tells about the study of Vitamin A, 'This study has been published in JAMA Dermatology.'

Part C will follow it which talks about 'It suggests that we should consume a diet with fruits and vegetables.'

The concluding sentence is sentence A as it talks about the features of Vitamin A, 'Some of the Vitamin A rich sources of foods are carrots, broccoli, spinach, fish and meat.'

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

**An American research study has found that Vitamin A intake can lower risk of skin cancer. This study has been published in JAMA Dermatology. It suggests that we should consume a diet with fruits and vegetables. Some of the Vitamin A rich sources of foods are carrots, broccoli, spinach, fish and meat.**

**Question 200 :**

Given below are four jumbled sentences. Pick the option that gives their correct order. A. This lovable big cat is all ready to charm kids in a film version. B. 'The Tiger who Came to Tea' is Judith Kerr's bestselling book, having sold 5million copies. C. He ends up making a delightful nuisance of himself. D. The story is about a tiger who pops by for tea.

Difficulty : Moderate

Average Time : 91 Seconds

**Options :**

1. BCAD

BDCA

3. CDBA

4. ACDB

**Solution :**

**The correct option is 2. i.e. BDCA**

Sentence 'B' is clearly the opening sentence since it introduces the topic of the paragraph "Judith Kerr's bestselling book" is Judith Kerr's bestselling book, ..'. BD is the mandatory pair as it further tells about the story of the book, 'The story is about a tiger who pops by for tea...'.  
Part C will follow it which talks about the tiger 'He ends up making a delightful nuisance of himself...'.  
The concluding sentence is sentence A as it finally talks about the features of tiger, 'This lovable big cat is all ready to charm kids in a film version.'

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

'The Tiger who Came to Tea' is Judith Kerr's bestselling book, having sold 5million copies. The story is about a tiger who pops by for tea. He ends up making a delightful nuisance of himself. This lovable big cat is all ready to charm kids in a film version.'

The Correct paragraph formed will be:-

'The Tiger who Came to Tea' is Judith Kerr's bestselling book, having sold 5million copies. The story is about a tiger who pops by for tea. He ends up making a delightful nuisance of himself. This lovable big cat is all ready to charm kids in a film version.'

## Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper Analysis

The analysis of Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper held on 2019-09-11 in the Morning exam is as follows:

1. 200 questions were moderate.
2. The safe score is 150 marks.
3. 200 questions were asked from English Language and 200 questions were asked from English Language
4. 103 questions should have been skipped if you were short of time.

## Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper Topic Wise Weightage

### English Language

1. Reading Comprehension - 30
2. Grammar - 1
3. Vocab - 7
4. Cloze Test - 25



- Spotting Error - 29
- 6. Parajumbles - 19
- 7. Sentence Jumbles - 1
- 8. Idioms - 8
- 9. Phrasal Verbs - 1
- 10. One Word Substitution - 11
- 11. Spellings - 3
- 12. Fillers - 5
- 13. Narration - 22
- 14. Voice - 19
- 15. Sentence Improvement - 18
- 16. Synonym - 1

## Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper Tips and Tricks



1. Try to solve Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper without taking any help from the solutions.
2. Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper require proper usage of concept so firstly read the question thoroughly and then use the right concept.
3. In case you're not able to solve the question in less than 30 seconds in the exam then you should skip the question and move to the next question.

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Know Your Leader  
Books And Authors  
Daily Vocabulary  
Daily Editorial  
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Exam Dates  
Admit Card  
Exam Results  
Exam Cutoff  
Exam Eligibility  
Exam Pattern  
Answer Key  
Important Days



## Further Guidance on Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper

For Asking any query on Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper please mail [Send Email](#) or you can fill the form at [KD Live](#).

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### About Neetu Mam

Neetu Mam is primarily passionate for the English language and teaching from the last 20 years however for the Ssc Cgl Tier II Previous Year Question Paper. She has guided her team to provide the best explanation for the question.