In today's segment, we will be focusing on Classification, a significant topic of Logical Reasoning section that holds substantial weightage in the SSC and Bank exams. Almost 2 - 3 questions surely come from this chapter in exams. Classification questions are an integral part of the reasoning section and demand a strong grasp of pattern recognition and logical thinking.

Here, we present 62 carefully curated Classification questions, each designed to cater to different difficulty levels, simulating the diversity encountered in the actual SSC and Bank exam. It is recommended to approach these questions systematically, attempting them one by one, much like you would during the actual exam. Difficulty levels are categorised into Easy, Moderate and Hard. By tackling these questions, you will not only enhance your preparation but also develop a deeper understanding of concepts. You can also download Classification questions and answers PDF by clicking the Download PDF button on the top of this page.

Classification Easy Level Questions for SSC

Direction (1 - 15): Find the odd one out.

Q:1 1.KQ

2.DJ

3.SZ

4.RX

Q:2 1.HEC

2.ROM

3.XUS

4.KIG

Q:3 1.MNLO

2.EFDG

3.XYWZ

4.LKJM

Q:4 1.QSUWY

2.EGIKM

3.NOQST

4.BDFHJ

Q:5 1.JBD – OWU

2.DFL - USM

3.IKN - PNK

4.TFY - ESK

Q:6 1.8512

2.5125

3.6216

4.7345

Q:7 1.83 - 75

2.58 - 50

3.49 - 42

4.25 - 17

Classification Questions - 60 Difficulty Wise MCQs with Solutions

Q:8 1.361

2.441

3.784

4.876

Q:9 1.323

2.353

3.313

4.373

Q:10 1.101

2.204

3.123

4.303

Q:11 1.Snug

2.Heated

3.Warm

4.Cool

Q:12 1.Moscow

2.Washington D.C

3.Karachi

4.Tokyo

Q:13 1.Start

2.Begin

3.Initiative

4.Hurdle

Q:14 1.Chair

2.Sofa

3.Bench

4.Pen

Q:15 1.Biology

2.Political Science

3.Sociology

4.History

Classification Moderate Level Questions for SSC

Q:1 1.RNKI

2.UQNL

3.TPKH

4.KGDB

Q:2 1.XBFJ

2.HLPT

3.DHLP

4.CGKQ

Q:3 1.GJM

2.QUY

3.BEI

4.LNP

Q:4 1.MEWGN

2.PBQTX

3.DRYSN

4.CGHKV

4

Q:5 1.GJHI

2.TWUV

3.CFDE

4.NKHE

Q:6 1.13 - 170

2.31 - 962

3.38 - 1445

4.54 - 2919

Q:7 1.56 - 336

2.42 - 210

3.110 - 1342

4.90 - 720

Q:8 1.81

2.49

3.121

4.169

Q:9 1.14 - 21

2.19 - 28.5

3.17 - 25.5

4.36 - 46

Q:10 1.Finland

2.Denmark

3.Spain

4.Canada

Q:11 1.Skull

2.Fibula

3.Appendix

4.Pelvis

Q:12 1.South American Plate

2.Eurasian Plate

3.Pacific Plate

4.Arabian Plate

Q:13 1.Serious

2.Severe

3.Harsh

4.Deceptive

Q:14 1. Anonymous

2.Innominate

3.Incognito

4.Identified

Q:15 1.Sofa

2.Bed

3.Couch

4.Almirah

Classification Hard Level Questions for SSC

Direction (1 - 15): Find the odd one out.

Q:1 1.XFJJJ

2.VHPHF

3.QDAMG

4.VJPJB

Q:2 1.LMOQ

2.EFHJ

3.VWYA

4.BCDF

Q:3 1.BDF

2.LNZ

3.AGH

4.CHN

Q:4 1.XSNI

2.OJEY

3.UPKF

4.EZUP

Q:5 1.78, 441, 57

2.34, 324, 16

3.100, 8, 96

4.205, 121, 194

Q:6 1.753, 712

2.458, 307

3.608, 504

4.653, 454

Q:7 1.24, 126

2.80, 730

3.143, 1729

4.36, 215

Q:8 1.75 : 6

2.58 : 6

3.68 : 7

4.77 : 7

Q:9 1.Reprimand

2.Chide

3.Demolish

4.Chastise

Q:10 1.Novak Djokovic - Serbia

2.Sania Mirza - India

3.Dominic Thiem - America

4.Rafael Nadal - Spain

Q:11 1.Ursa Major

2.Scorpious

3.Orion

4.Sapphire

Q:12 1.Time : Hour

2.Speed : Km/Hr

3.Electric Current : Joule

4.Temperature : Kelvin

Q:13 1.Bangles

2.Anklet

3.Watch

4.Bracelet

Q:14 1.G8

2.K17

3.M13

4.Y24

Q:15 1.V - 23 - Z

2.K - 13 - O

3.G - 9 - K

4.M - 15 - Q

Classification Easy Level Questions for Bank

Direction (1 - 5): Find the odd one out.

Q:1 1.EIGK

2.JNLP

3.MQOS

4.DHFK

5.None

Q:2 1.LMOR

2.DEGI

3.JKMP

4.VWYB

5.None

Q:3 1.ACD

2.PRS

3.UWX

4.OQS

5.None

Q:4 1.MPH

2.SVN

3.WZR

4.FIB

5.None

Q:5 1.CFJ

2.KNR

3.MPS

4.RUY

5.None

Classification Moderate Level Questions for Bank

Direction (1 - 5): Find the odd one out.

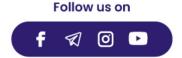**Q:1** 1.DNK

2.MOC

3.LXM

4.RVD

5.None of the above

Q:2 1.CMK

2.TUA

3.RXF

4.BTR

5.None of the above

Q:3 1.CXD

2.BYC

3.VEW

4.RIE

5.None of the above

Q:4 1.PJTAL

2.PBQTX

3.DRYSN

4.CGHKV

5.None of the above

Q:5 1.GZI

2.JEM

3.BKN

4.OPS

5.None of the above

Classification Hard Level Questions for Bank

Direction (1 - 5): Find the odd one out.
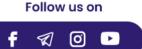
Q:1 1.DB

2.LF

3.RH

4.NG

5.None of the above

Q:2 1.EVBY

2.JQGT

3.MNIR

4.DXAZ

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5.None of the above

Q:3 1.DL

2.HX

3.CG

4.FR

5.None of the above

Q:4 1.DHP

2.EJT

3.FLX

4.CFK

5.None of the above

Q:5 1.SOMCUEN

2.RNUGOD

3.TGNERU

4.LVSSSIED

5.None of the above

Solutions of Classification Easy Level SSC Questions

Q:1 (3) 1. K (+6 letters) = Q
2. D (+6 letters) = J
3. S (+7 letters) = Z
4. R (+6 letters) = X

Q:2 (4) Except for all, KIG does not follow the logic.

Q:3 (4) 1. M + 1 = N, N − 2 = L, L + 3 = O
2. E + 1 = F, F − 2 = D, D + 3 = G
3. X + 1 = Y, Y − 2 = W, W + 3 = Z
5. L + 1 = M != K

Q:4 (3) 1. Q + 2 = S; S + 2 = U; U + 2 = W; W + 2 = Y
2. E + 2 = G; G + 2 = I; I + 2 = K; K + 2 = M
3. N + 2 = P; P + 2 = R; R + 2 = T; T + 2 = V
4. B + 2 = D; D + 2 = F; F + 2 = H; H + 2 = J
All follow the same pattern except for NOQST.

Q:5 (4) X is written as (X's opposite letter - 2) letter.
1. JBD - OWU → J → Q - 2 = O; B ⇔ Y - 2 = W; D → W - 2 = U
2. DFL - USM → D→ W - 2 = U; F⇔ U - 2 = S; L → O - 2 = M
3. IKN - PNK → I → R - 2 = P; K ⇔ P - 2 = N; N → M - 2 = K
4. TFY - ESK→ T → G - 2 = E; F ⇔ U - 2 = S; Y → B - 2 = Z

Q:6 (4) 1) 8512 → 8^3 = 512; 2) 5125→ 5^3 = 125; 3) 6216→6^3 = 216; 4) 7345→ 7^3 = 343 not 345

Q:7 (3) 1) 75 + 8 = 83, 2) 50 + 8 = 58 3) 42 + 7 = 49 4) 17 + 8 = 25

Q:8 (4) 1) 361 = 192;
2) 441 = 212;
3) 784 = 282;
4) 876 = nonsquare number

Q:8 (4) 1) 361 = 19^2 ; 2) 441 = 21^2 ; 3) 784 = 28^2 ; 4) 876 = non-square number

Q:9 (1) 1) 323: 3 + 2 + 3 = 8; 2) 353: 3 + 5 + 3 = 11; 3) 313: 3 + 1 + 3 = 7; 4) 373: 3 + 7 + 3 = 13 11, 7, and 13 are prime numbers.

Q:10 (1) The sum of the digits of the number is 6
1. 101 → 1 + 0 + 1 = 2; 2. 204 → 2 + 0 + 4 = 6; 3. 123→1 + 2 + 3 = 6; 4. 303 → 3 + 0 + 3 = 6

Q:11 (4) All are synonyms of the word Hot except Cool.

Q:12 (3) 1. Moscow is the capital of Russia.
2. Washington D.C. is the capital of America.
4. Tokyo is the capital of Japan.
3. But Karachi is a city in Pakistan, whose capital is Islamabad.

Q:13 (4) Start, Begin and Initiative have a similar meaning: to start something. A hurdle means an obstacle or a barrier.

Q:14 (4) Chair, Sofa, and Bench all belong to Furniture but the Pen belongs to the stationery.

Q:15 (1) Political Science, Sociology, and History are the branches of Arts but Biology is the branch of Science.

Solutions of Classification Moderate Level SSC Questions

Q:1 (3) 1. R - 4 = N; N - 3 = K; K - 2 = I
2. U - 4 = Q; Q - 3 = N; N - 2 = L
4. K - 4 = G; G - 3 = D; D - 2 = B
This pattern is not followed in option (3).
3. T - 4 = P; P - 5 = K; K - 3 = H

Q:2 (4) A difference of 4 alphabets is followed.
1. XBFJ →X + 4 = B + 4 = F + 4 = J
2. HLPT → H + 4 = L + 4 = P + 4 = T
3. DHLP → D + 4 = H + 4 = L + 4 = P
4. CGKQ → C + 4 = G + 4 = K + 6 = Q

Q:3 (3) 1. GJM →G + 3 = J, J + 3 = M
2. QUY→ Q + 4 = U, U + 4 = Y
3. BEI → B + 3 = E, E + 4 = I
4. LNP →L + 2 = N, N + 2 = P

Q:4 (1) MEWGN is the only group containing a vowel. Other groups have only consonants.

Q:5 (4) 1st letter + 3 = 2nd letter, 2nd letter - 2 = 3rd letter, 3rd letter + 1 = 4th letter
1. GJHI → G + 3 = J, J - 2 = H, H + 1 = I; This follows the logic.
2. TWUV → T + 3 = W, W - 2 = U, U + 1 = V; This follows the logic.
3. CFDE → C + 3 = F, F - 2 = D, D + 1 = E; This follows the logic.
4. NKHE →N + 3 = Q, Q - 2 = O, O + 1 = P; This does not follow the logic.

Q:6 (4) 1. 13 - 170 →13: 13^2 + 1 = 170
2. 31 - 962→ 31: 31^2 +1 = 962
3. 38 - 1445 → 38: 38^2 + 1 = 1445
4. 54 - 2919 → 54: 54^2 + 1 = 2916 + 1 = 2917

Q:7 (3) Logic: The second number is completely divisible by the first number.
1) 336 ÷ 56 = 6; 2) 210 ÷ 42 = 5; 3) 1342 ÷ 110 = 12.2; 4) 720 ÷ 90 = 8

Q:8 (1) All the numbers are squares of prime odd numbers.
But only 81 is a square of 9 which is composite in nature, the rest are squares of prime numbers.

Q:9 (4) 1. 14 − 21 → 21 ÷ 14 = 1.5
2. 19 − 28.5 →28.5 ÷ 19 = 1.5
3. 17 − 25.5 → 25.5 ÷ 17 = 1.5
4. 36 − 46→ 46 ÷ 36 = 1.27

Q:10 (4) Denmark, Spain, and Finland are the countries of Europe whereas Canada is a country of North America, so Canada is the odd one out.

Q:11 (3) Skull, Fibula, and Pelvis are bones except for the Appendix which is an organ.

Q:12 (4) South American Plate, Pacific Plate, and Eurasian. Plate are the major tectonic plates whereas Arabian Plate is a minor tectonic plate.

Q:13 (4) Serious - to be treated as important; Severe - critical; Harsh - excessively critical; Deceptive - making you believe something that is not true.
Except for Deceptive other three are synonyms of each other.

Q:14 (4) Anonymous: (used about a person) whose name is not known or made public; Innominate: not named or classified; Incognito: hiding your real name and identity (especially if you are famous and do not want to be recognized). Anonymous, Innominate, and Incognito are synonyms. They mean something/someone that is hidden or not known. On the other hand, Identified means something/someone that is known.

Q:15 (4) Except for Almirah, all other things are used for taking rest (to sit or lie down). Almirah is used for keeping clothes.

Solutions of Classification Hard Level SSC Questions

Q:1 (4) 3rd alphabet number = (Sum of positional values of 1st and 2nd alphabet) - (Sum of positional values of 4th and 5th alphabet)
1. The numbers for the alphabet will be - 24, 6, 10, 10, 10.
So, (24 + 6) - (10 + 10) = 10
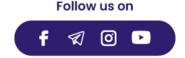2. The numbers for the alphabet will be - 22, 8, 16, 8, 6
So, (22 + 8) - (8 + 6) = 16
3. The numbers for the alphabet will be - 17, 4, 1, 13, 7
So, (17 + 4) - (13 + 7) = 1
4. The numbers for the alphabet will be - 22, 10, 16, 10, 2
So, (22 + 10) - (10 + 2) = 20 (T)

Q:2 (4) 1. LMOQ → L + 1 = M, M + 2 = O, O + 2 = Q
2. EFHJ → E + 1 = F, F + 2 = H H + 2 = J
3. VWYA →V + 1 = W, W + 2 = Y, Y + 2 = A
4. BCDF → B + 1 = C, C + 1 = D, D + 2 = F

Q:3 (4) 1. BDF → B(2) + D (4) = F (6)
2. LNZ → L (12) + N (14) = Z (26)
3. AGH →cA (1) + G (7) = H (8)
4. CHN → C (3) + H (8) = K (11)

Q:4 (2) 1. X - 5 = S; S - 5 = N; N - 5 = I
2. O - 5 = J [Correct], J - 5 = E [Correct], E - 5 = Y [Incorrect]
3. U - 5 = P; P - 5 = K; K - 5 = F
4. E - 5 = Z; Z - 5 = U; U - 5 = P

Q:5 (3) Middle number = Square of the difference between the 1st and 3rd number
1. 78, 441, 57 = 78 - 57 = 21 = 21^2 = 441
2. 34, 324, 16 = 34 - 16 = 18 = 18^2 = 324
3. 100, 8, 96 = 100 - 96 = 4 = 4^2 = 16

Q:6 (3) The difference between both the numbers is a primenumber.
1. 753, 712 = 753 - 712 = 41
2. 458, 307 = 458 - 307 = 151
3. 608, 504 = 608 - 504 = 104 (Composite Number)

Q:7 (4) 1. 24, 126 = $(5^2 - 1)$, $(5^3 + 1)$
2. 80, 730 = $(9^2 - 1)$, $(9^3 + 1)$
3. 143, 1729 = $(12^2 - 1)$, $(12^3 + 1)$
4. 36, 215 = (6^2), $(6^3 - 1)$

Q:8 (2) 1. 75 : 6 = (7 + 5) ÷ 2 = 12 ÷ 2 = 6
2. 58 : 6 = (5 + 8) ÷ 2 = 13 ÷ 2 = 6.5 not equal to 6
3. 68 : 7 = (6 + 8) ÷ 2 = 14 ÷ 2 = 7
4. 77 : 7 = (7 + 7) ÷ 2 = 14 ÷ 2 = 7

Q:9 (3) All words except the word 'Demolish' are synonyms of one another. Note: Reprimand, Chide, Chastise - to scold someone. Demolish - to pull or knock down a building.

Q:10 (3) Except for Dominic Thiem - America, all other represents their country in the Tennis game. Dominic Thiem is renowned player from Austria.

Q:11 (4) Ursa Major, Orion, and Scorpion are constellations whereas Sapphire is a gemstone.

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Classification Questions - 60 Difficulty Wise MCQs with Solutions

Q:12 (3) The above question is based on the measurement units based on the SI Unit. Except for option 3, all other options form the correct pair of Quantity and SI Unit. 'Joule' is not the unit of Electric current. 'Ampere' is the correct unit.

Q:13 (2) Except for Anklet, all others are examples of accessories worn on the wrist.

Q:14 (3) Only the number in M13 denotes the positional value of the corresponding alphabet.

Q:15 (1) The middle number is the positional value of the middle letter of both extreme letters.
1) V, W, X(24), Y, Z; 2) K, L, M(13), N, O; 3) G, H, I(9), J, K; 4) M, N, O(15), P, Q

Solutions of Classification Easy Level Bank Questions

Q:1 (4) 1. EIGK = E + 4 = I, I - 2 = G, G + 4 = K
2. JNLP = J + 4 = N, N - 2 = L, L + 4 = P
3. MQOS = M + 4 = Q, Q - 2 = O, O + 4 = S
4. DHFK = D + 4 = H, H - 2 = F, F + 4 = J not K (pattern is not followed here)

Q:2 (2) 1. LMOR = (L + 1) = M, (M + 2) = O, (O + 3) = R
2. DEGI = (D + 1) = E, (E + 2) = G, (G + 3) = J
3. JKMP = (J + 1) = K, (K + 2) = M, (M + 3) = P
4. VWYB = (V + 1) = W, (W + 2) = Y, (Y + 3) = B

Q:3 (4) Logic - The second letter is two letters ahead of the first letter, the third letter is one letter ahead of the second letter except for option 4.
1. A → A + 2 → C → C + 1 = D
2. P→ P + 2 → R →R + 1 = S
3. U → U + 2 →W →W + 1 = X
4. O → O + 2 → Q→ Q + 1 = R (there is S, not R)

Q:4 (4) The logic followed here is that the second letter of the word is 3rd succeeding letter of the first letter and the third letter is 5th preceding letter of the first letter of the given word.
1. MPH →M + 3 = P; M - 5 = H
2. SVN → S + 3 = V; S - 5 = N
3. WZR → W + 3 = Z; W - 5 = R
4. FIB → F + 3 = I; F - 5 = A

Q:5 (3) Logic: 1st letter + 3 = 2nd letter; 2nd letter + 4 = 3rd letter
1. CFJ → C + 3 = F, F + 4 = J
2. KNR → K + 3 = N, N + 4 = R
3. MPS → M + 3 = P, P + 4 = T
4. RUY → R + 3 = U, U + 4 = Y

Solutions of Classification Moderate Level Bank Questions

Q:1 (4) Logic - Middle letter = (1st letter + 3rd letter) - 1
1. DNK = (4 + 11) - 1 = 14 (N)
2. MOC = (13 + 3) -1 = 15 (O)
3. LXM = (12 + 13) - 1 = 24 (X)
4. RVD = (18 + 4) -1 = 21 (U) (there is V, not U)

Q:2 (1) Logic - Middle letter = (1st letter value + 3rd letter value)
1. CMK - (3 + 11) = 14 (N)
2. TUA - (20 + 1) = 21 (U)
3. RXF - (18 + 6) = 24 (X)
4. BTR - (2 + 18) = 20 (T)

Q:3 (4) The second letter is the reverse of the first letter.
Third letter = First letter + 1
1. CXD → C ⇔ X, C + 1 = E
2. BYC → B⇔Y, B + 1 = C
3. VEW →V ⇔E, V + 1 = W
4. RIE → R ⇔ I, R + 1 = S

Q:4 (1) PJTAL is the only group containing a vowel. Other groups have only consonants.

Q:5 (3) The logic followed here is as follows:
All the letter clusters except for BKN have a vowel.

Solutions of Classification Hard Level Bank Questions

Q:1 (3) Logic - 2nd letter = (1st letter value ÷ 2)
1. DB = 4 ÷ 2 = 2 (B)
2. LF = 12 ÷ 2 = 6 (F)
3. RH = 18 ÷ 2 = 9 (I) (there is H, not I)
4. NG = 14 ÷ 2 = 7 (G)

18

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Q:2 (4) The pattern that is followed here:
1. EVBY = EV BY = E ⇔ V, B ⇔ Y (opposite of letters)
2. JQGT = JQ GT = J ⇔Q, G ⇔ T (opposite of letters)
3. MNIR = MN IR = M ⇔N, I ⇔ R (opposite of letters)
4. DXAZ = DX AZ = D ⇔ W NOT X, A⇔ Z (pattern of opposite of letters is not followed here)

Q:3 (3) The positional value of 1st alphabet × 3 = Positional value of 2nd alphabet in the English alphabetical series.
1. DL → (D = 4), (4 × 3) = 12, L = 12
2. HX → (H = 8), (8 × 3) = 24, X = 24
3. CG → (C = 3), (3 × 3) = 9, I = 9
4. FR→ (F = 6), (6 × 3) = 18, R = 18

Q:4 (4) (The positional value as per the English alphabetical series of 1st letter (from the left end) × 2) = (Positional value of 2nd letter as per the English alphabetical series).
(The positional value as per the English alphabetical series of 2nd letter (from the left end) × 2) = (Positional value of 3rd letter as per the English alphabetical series).
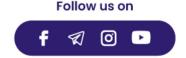1. DHP →(D × 2) = H, (H × 2) = P
2. EJT → (E × 2) = J, (J × 2) = T
3. FLX → (F × 2) = L, (L × 2) = X
4. CFK → (C × 2) = F, (F × 2) = L

Q:5 (4) On rearranging letters in each option, we get an English Meaningful word.
1. SOMCUEN - CONSUME
2. RNUGOD - GROUND
3. TGNERU - URGENT
4. LVSSSIED - No English Meaningful word can be formed.

This article has provided you with a valuable resource for honing your grasp over the Classification chapter. You have now practiced a carefully categorized collection of practice questions, ranging from easy to moderate to hard difficulty levels. The categorization of questions by difficulty enables strategic preparation, offering you a chance to build a strong foundation and gradually progress towards more challenging problems.

We invite you to share your thoughts and any doubts you may have in the comment section below. Additionally, we encourage you to share your marks scored in the practice questions, as this can be a great way to gauge your progress and learn from your peers. Be assured that KD Live is committed to providing more such blogs, complete with study materials and comprehensive coverage of practice questions from every chapter of the logical reasoning section. Your success is our goal, and we wish you the very best in your upcoming exams!